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# The Hongkong Telegraph

(ESTABLISHED 1881).

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THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1919.

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SOLE AGENTS.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)  
CONDITIONS ON THE "MARAMA."

Singapore, April 30.  
Penang reports state that the public is so disturbed over the reports from the relief ship Marama that a public enquiry is demanded. One letter reports that five miscarriages occurred.

## STRAITS MERCANTILE MARINE DEMANDS.

Singapore, April 30.  
The owners of the Quorra have agreed to the terms asked for by masters and mates. It is hoped that others will do so to-day.

## EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

## TRADE RESTRICTIONS REMOVED.

London, April 29.  
The Foreign Trade Department of the Foreign Office announces that goods to be exported to China and Siam may now be consigned to all persons and firms in those countries.

## FILM CENSORS.

## THE POSITION IN HONGKONG.

The question of a Film Censor was brought to the forefront by the Hon. Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., in a recent address on the needs of the Colony. Mr. Pollock stated that the need for a Film Censor was urgent. But in point of fact we have had a Film Censor in Hongkong for many years past. At present the following gentlemen act as censors of films—Messrs. P. P. J. Wodehouse, R. E. Lindsell and B. Tanner. The Hon. Mr. E. D. C. Wolfe used to censor our films, but Mr. R. E. Lindsell has now been appointed in his place. Mr. Tanner succeeds Mr. T. H. King, who is going home on leave.

Although most of the films projected on the screen here are American or British productions and have been duly passed by the censors in America at home, they have to be re-censored, as pictures that are suitable for America and elsewhere may not be wholesome for the cinema patrons here. It is very seldom that a complete film is rejected in most cases merely parts are cut out.

## HOWITT-PHILLIPS CO.

## LAST NIGHT'S PLAY.

The Howitt-Phillips Company scored a further success at the Theatre Royal last night with their presentation of the comedy by Stanley Houghton, "The Younger Generation."

There was not a large audience present, probably due to the very hot weather. In "The Younger Generation" there is very little plot, the play being merely the portrayal of a simple story concerning a strictly religious father and three wayward children, who, tired of restraint "kick over the traces." The way they do it brings the old man to a realisation of what changes have been wrought since his younger days, and the demands which the younger generation are making.

The play is very amusing, and all the parts were admirably sustained. To-night the Company presents Walter Howard's drama "The Story of the Rosary."

## ITALY'S MILLIONAIRES.

Statisticians have been calculating the effects of the war on the ranks of the wealthy in Italy, and it is declared that Milan alone now numbers 2,500 millionaires and Turin 2,000. It should perhaps be remarked, however, that an Italian millionaire counts his fortune in lire and not in pounds sterling.

## CANTON PEACE CELEBRATION.

## ALLIED NATIONALS DISCUSS PROGRAMME.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shameen, April 29.  
This evening a meeting was held in the Theatre attached to the Canton Club of all residents on the Shameen of the Allied countries for the purpose of discussing the ways and means and the form to be followed to celebrate signing of the Peace Treaty when such does actually take place.

Among those present were H. B. M. Consul-General Mr. J. W. Jamieson, C.M.G., the American Consul-General Mr. A. W. Pontius; the French Consul-General Mr. K. Ohta; the Portuguese Consul-General Mr. Amada da Silva; and the Russian Consul-General, Mr. A. Ostrovskikh, accompanied by their respective Consular Officers, as well as the following members of the Shameen Municipal Council (the originators of the meeting):—Mr. H. S. Smith, Mr. W. Farmer, Mr. C. G. Fry and Mr. Frank W. Lee, Advisor to Dr. Wu Ting Fang.

Mr. J. W. Jamieson, C.M.G., upon being proposed by Mr. H. S. Smith and seconded by Mr. W. Farmer, took the chair, and after reading the notice which had been circulated by the Shameen Municipal Council mentioned that he was pleased to see the Chinese Delegate deputed by Dr. Wu Ting Fang to represent the Military Government in such an historic movement as that to be discussed at the meeting. He was Advisor to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Military Government of Southern China and was able, he felt sure, to speak for the people. Turning to European affairs, with the declaration of the Armistice, and now to the coming signing of the Peace Treaty, six months after the suspending of hostilities, the door was still ajar and the end not at hand, but they were anxious, when the time came, to be able to celebrate the occasion in a fitting way and which would impress all Allied nationals in Canton.

He would now put a suggestion—to hold a mass meeting in the open-air and offer thanks-giving to the Ruler of the World for the blessing of the signing of the Treaty of Peace. There were a few men and one lady who had returned from the horrors of the war zone and they could not do better than take these as representatives.

Mr. A. W. Pontius then moved a proposition that a Committee should be formed consisting of two or more representatives of sections of Allied Nationals and that the Committee be left to make the arrangements, with the Senior Consul as Chairman. It was of such importance that the occasion should not be left pass in an ordinary way, but should be made a day to stand out in Chinese history.

Mr. J. W. Jamieson regretted that owing to his leaving Canton in about a week from now, when he would be absent for a month, he could not accept the honour of being chairman of the proposed Committee. He agreed that a committee should be formed and that some hints or ideas be given for the committee to work upon.

Mr. H. S. Smith then suggested an open-air gathering about mid-day and an entertainment for the youngsters and that a medal be given them as a memento of the day. Also that all householders should decorate their houses, not extravagantly but fittingly, and that a subscription should be opened and sent round, the proceeds to be divided—half for the French Concession and half for the British Concession for the erection of two monuments as a lasting memorial with simple and fitting inscription on the base.

Mr. A. W. Pontius suggested the replacing of the beacon lights in the harbour by two monuments which he thought would serve as a sight for everybody coming to Canton, foreigners and Chinese alike, as all ships would pass these beacon lights.

The Chairman here asked if there were not some ideas from some of the French residents who were largely represented.

## THE POISONS CASE.

## LOCAL CHEMISTS FINED.

Mr. G. N. Orme to-day gave his decision in the case in which nine summonses for selling, keeping, and dispensing poisons contrary to the provisions of the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance were taken out against Messrs. Colin Mackenzie & Co. (the proprietors of the Colonial Dispensary), and against Tang Hok Ling, their employee.

His Worship said—Summons were taken out under the Pharmacy and Poisons Ordinance 1916 against Colin Mackenzie & Co., Ltd., and the assistant, Tang Hok Ling, an unregistered person, in respect of successive sales by the latter in the firm's shop between 11.30 a.m. and 11.45 a.m. on the morning of April 2, of two mixtures containing poisons, namely, one with arsenic to A. Mason, and one with corrosive sublimate to H. Peplow without marking the bottles as poisons in Chinese as well as in English and without entering the sales in the poisons book. It was proved that directly after these transactions Inspector Terrett entered the shop and enquired for the manager, but the assistant had to admit, after some delay, he was unable to communicate with him. There were four summonses against Tang Hok Ling, that he (1) and (2) possessed and (3) and (4) sold each of the two said poisons contrary to the provisions of Section 8, which says that no unregistered person shall possess or sell or supply such poisons.

It was argued that these summonses should have been against the firm, as Tang Hok Ling was only acting on their behalf, but, on the other hand, the manager was anxious to disavow the responsibility for these two acts of his assistant. I believe that it is intended to make the person performing the forbidden acts personally liable under this Section and I find the offences were committed by Tang Hok Ling, but convict him of two only, namely selling (but not also of possessing) each of the said poisons. There were five summonses against Colin Mackenzie & Co., Ltd., four of these being that in the case of each the sales were made contrary to Sections 11 and 12 which provide that:—(1) No person shall sell any poisons either by retail, wholesale or labelling unless the box, bottle, vessel, or cover, in which such poison is contained be distinctly labelled in English and Chinese with the name of the article and the word "poisons" and with the name and address of the seller of the poisons. (2) For the purpose of this section the person on whose behalf any sale is made by any employee shall be deemed the seller. Section 12—No person shall sell any of the poisons which are for the time being specified in Part I of Schedule A to be made hereto to any person unknown to the seller unless introduced by some person, known to the seller. And on every sale of any such article the seller shall before delivery make or cause to be made an entry in a book to be kept for that purpose, stating in the form set forth in Schedule B hereto, the date of the sale the name and address of the purchaser, the name and quantity of the articles sold and the purpose for which it is stated by the purchaser required. To such entry the signature of the purchaser and of the person, if any, who introduces himself to be affixed. (2) For the purpose of this section any Company on whose behalf any sale is made by any employee shall be deemed to be the seller.

It is clear that the provisions of the Ordinance were not complied with in respect of these two sections in either sale and I must convict the defendants on all. The last summons is against the same firm for keeping open shop for retailing, dispensing and compounding poisons under the same section as the summons against Tang Hok Ling for

The Chairman then mentioned that he was under the impression that religious mass meetings had been held on the field of battle without distinction.

Mr. Frank W. Lee, Chinese Delegate of the Military Government in Canton, said that he had been sent by Dr. Wu Ting Fang as representative at the meeting and wished to express the Military Government's hearty co-operation in any plans, which must include the Chinese.

After some further discussion, the American Consul-General's Proposition was put to the meeting, that two or more representatives of each Allied country should be selected to act on a Committee, names to be submitted by Saturday. The Senior Consul to be Honorary Chairman of same.

This was seconded by the French Consul-General, put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

Mr. A. W. Pontius moved that the selection of the representatives to serve on this Committee be left to the Consuls of the various nationals, and they shall consult with their own nationals as to who should be sent.

Mr. E. Pepperell suggested that all Consuls should be on the Committee and one other fellow national, but Mr. A. W. Pontius was under the impression that the various Consuls would like to see themselves not on the Committee but rather representative members of the community.

The Chairman put it to the meeting the matter could be left to the Consuls to select their representatives to serve, and they would draw up all necessary plans. This was carried.

## DAY BY DAY.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Stentor arrived at Hongkong this morning, having on board the Home mails posted between March 13th and 20th, both dates inclusive.

## FORTUNE-TELLER ROBBED.

## STORY OF A MISSING WATCH.

A Chinese fortune-teller had his watch stolen by a fortune hunter. It is an inexplicable fact that though a fortune-teller can foretell the fortunes or misfortunes of other people, he is unable to foretell his own, otherwise in the present case the theft could have been prevented.

The story which this luminary told to-day to Mr. Orme was that the thief came to his house, and stole the watch from the pocket of his jacket which was hanging on the wall of his room. The thief was seen, chased down the stairs and eventually caught by a Chinese policeman. The thief avowed that he was promised the watch as a means for procuring money for a passage back to his native place. The fortune-teller stoutly denied the truth of the thief's statement; and his acquaintance with the latter. That Mr. Orme might know and appreciate his importance, the fortune-teller, with many animated gestures, informed his Worship that he was a person whose name by reason of his profession was a byword with the Chinese throughout the Colony. This statement brought a smile to the Magistrate's face, whether of credulity or otherwise is not known. Anyhow, the Magistrate accepted his version of the affair and sentenced the thief to prison for three months.

selling the poisons, but with special reference to their not being authorised to do under Section 19 B, which provides for such business (not, it should be noted, such a business) to be personally conducted by the superintendent (unless he has a qualified assistant). The question is whether such business was in this case personally conducted by the superintendent, Mr. Colin Mackenzie. It was proved that the time in question two mixtures containing poisons were dispersed in the course of business to separate individuals, and that the superintendent could not be communicated with when required. Mr. Colin Mackenzie stated for the defence that he attended the shop daily from 1 to 2 p.m. and from 5 to 8 p.m., to make up the prescriptions, and it was claimed that this was sufficient to constitute personal superintendence. In laws passed for the protection of the public, the provisions must be construed in the strictest sense against those who choose to transact business in which such protection is required, and I find in this case that business at the time in question was not being conducted personally by the registered superintendent as the law provides, and I must convict the defendant firm accordingly. These offences are serious and were committed in this case by a firm doing a large business in the centre of the town and close to other chemists who would be put to more expense in complying with the law. Luckily for the defendants, it does not appear that harm has been done. I fine the defendant firm, \$100 on the last summons and \$25 on each of the other four, making \$200 in all, and the defendant Tong Hok Ling \$25 on each of the two summonses, making \$50 in all. The other two summonses are dismissed.

## BATAVIA'S ANNIVERSARY.

This year Batavia, the chief and flourishing city of Java, will enter upon its 300th anniversary. Batavia was founded by the famous Dutch national statesman and hero, Jan Pieterzon Coen. Plans are being drafted for a suitable commemoration of this event.

## To-Day's Exchange.

The closing rate of the dollar on demand to-day was 4.11-10d.

## The Weather.

Forecast—Fair. Barometer—29.81. Temperature 2 p.m.—83. Humidity 2 p.m.—73.

## LEST WE FORGET.

Three raids have already taken place in Ghent and the adjoining suburbs. All the men from seventeen to fifty, workmen and bourgeois, employed and unemployed, were ordered to assemble in the large stores known as "La Gantoise," where they were locked up. Those who did not come were sought for in their homes by the soldiery and subjected to the most cruel treatment. In certain cases the Germans beat them with their belts and threw them like cattle into motor-trucks to be conveyed to their temporary prison. The men were kept in "La Gantoise" for three days. During their captivity they were offered work in Germany (shillings) a day. As the immense majority refused to sign they were deprived of food, and finally deported, not to Germany, but towards the Front near Laon, where they were employed on military work. Statement of a well-known citizen of Ghent on slave raids in Belgium. Reported in "Times," January 6, 1917.

## SHAMEEN NOTES.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Shameen, April 29.  
The annual general meeting of the Canton Rowing Club was held in the Canton Club last evening at 7.15 p.m., Mr. E. G. Jamieson taking the chair. The Chairman called attention to the amount in hand for the ensuing year but regretted to announce that this sum had been earmarked for various necessary repairs to the boat-house, boats etc. Upon being put to the meeting the accounts were passed. The General Committee elected for the year consisted of five members, i.e. Messrs. Herb. Darch, E. G. Jamieson, Fumimigali and Geiger, the last-named being still Honorary Secretary and Treasurer. The ballot for five members on the Balloting Committee resulted as follows—Messrs. Ball, Kitchen, Hansen, Smythe and Alexander. These members were duly accepted.

Mr. William Farmer, now the Honorary Superintendent of the Police Force for Shameen, is taking a short vacation at the end of this week, lasting about a month. Mr. Farmer has been in indifferent health during the past few weeks and the change should do him good. In his absence from Shameen, Mr. C. G. Fry, also a member of the Shameen Municipal Council, is acting in the capacity of Police Superintendent.

A policeman who was reported to have been taken to Hospital this morning about nine o'clock died at 3 p.m. It was at first thought he was suffering from gastritis but now it is rumoured to be a case of plague. Other cases are reported in the city.

## DON'T FORGET.

## TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Howitt-Phillips Co. present "The Story of the Rosary"—9.15 p.m.  
Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
Coronet Theatre—9.15 and 9.45 p.m.

## TO-MORROW.

Victoria Theatre—9.15 p.m.  
Coronet Theatre—9.15 and 9.45 p.m.

## SECTION

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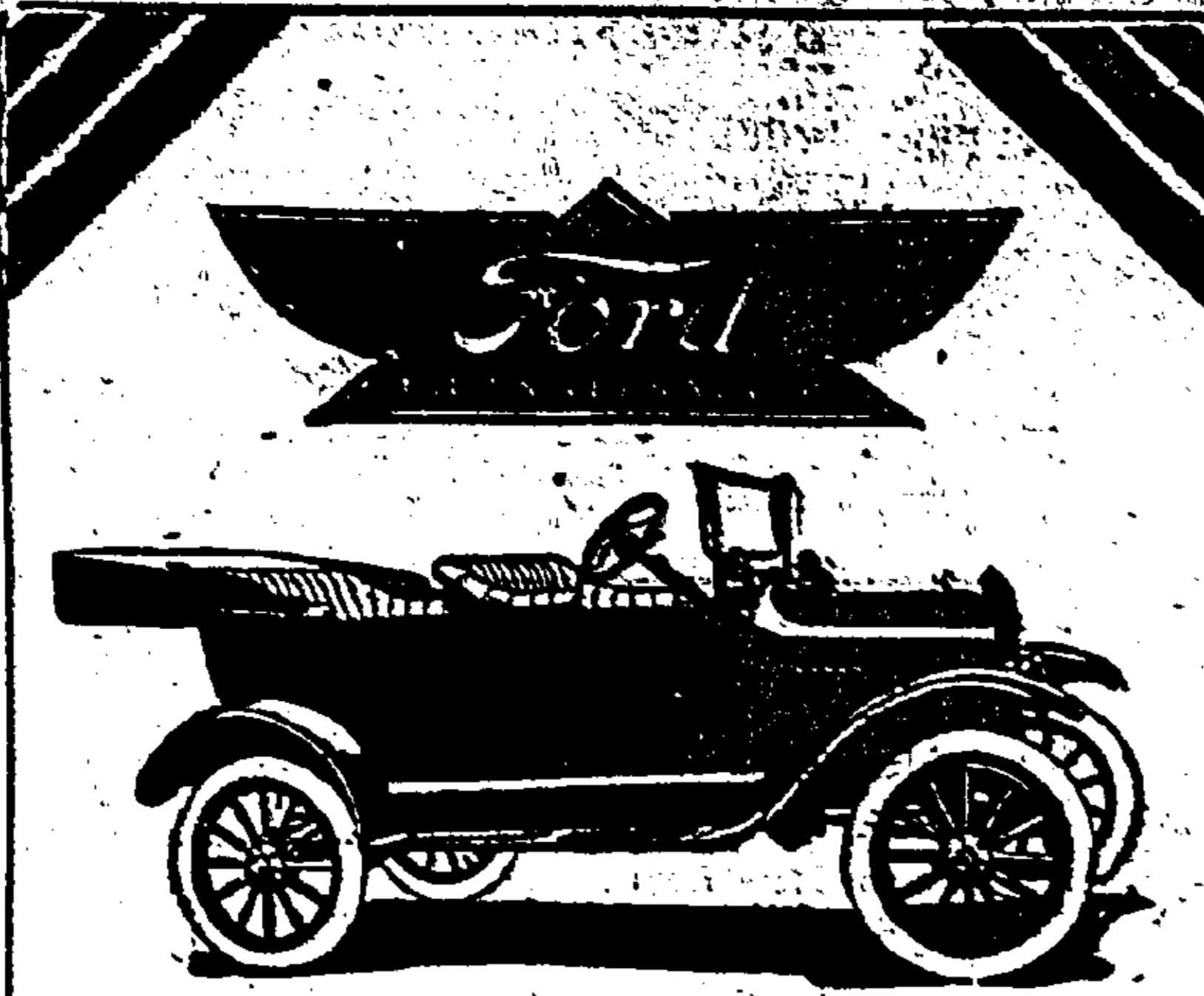
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## LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

### REVISED TEXT OF COVENANT.

New York, April 28.

The following is the text of the Covenant of the League of Nations as it will be presented to the Plenary Session of the Peace Conference on Monday afternoon, April 28:—

### THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

In order to promote international co-operation and to achieve international peace and security by the acceptance of obligations not to resort to war by the prescription of open, just and honourable relations between nations, by the firm establishment of the understandings of international law as to actual rule of conduct among Governments and by the maintenance of justice and a scrupulous respect for all treaty obligations in the dealings of organized peoples with one another, the High Contracting Parties agree to this Covenant of the League of Nations.

Article I.—The original members of the League of Nations shall be those of the signatories which are named in the Annex to this Covenant and also such of these other States named in the Annex as shall accede without reservation to this Covenant. Such accessions shall be effected by a declaration deposited with the Secretariat within two months of the coming into force of the Covenant, and notice thereof shall be sent to all other members of the League. Any fully self-governing State, Dominion or Colony named in the Annex may become a member of the League if its admission is agreed to by two-thirds of the Assembly, provided that it shall give effective guarantees of its sincere intention to observe its international obligations and shall accept such regulations as may be prescribed by the League in regard to its military and naval forces and armaments. Any member of the League may, after two years' notice of its intention so to do, withdraw from the League, provided that all its obligations under this Covenant shall have been fulfilled at the time of its withdrawal.

Article II.—The action of the League under this Covenant shall be effected through the instrumentality of an Assembly and of a Council with a permanent Secretariat.

Article III.—The Assembly shall consist of representatives of the members of the League. The Assembly shall meet at stated intervals and from time to time as occasion may require at the seat of the League or at such other place as may be decided upon. The Assembly may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the League or affecting the peace of the world. At meetings of the Assembly each member of the League shall have one vote and may have not more than three representatives.

Article IV.—The Council shall consist of representatives of the United States of America, of the British Empire, of France, of Italy and of Japan, together with representatives

of four other members of the League. These four members of the League shall be selected by the Assembly from time to time in its discretion until the appointment of the representatives of the four members of the League first selected by the Assembly representatives of—shall be members of the Council. With the approval of the majority of the Assembly the Council may name additional members of the League whose representatives shall always be members of the Council: The Council with like approval may increase the number of members of the League to be selected by the Assembly for representation on the Council. The Council shall meet from time to time as occasion may require and at least once a year at the seat of the League or at such other place as may be decided upon. The Council may deal at its meetings with any matter within the sphere of action of the League or affecting the peace of the world. Any member of the League not represented on the Council shall be invited to send a representative to sit as a member at any meeting of the Council during the consideration of matters specially affecting the interests of that member of the League. At meetings of the Council each member of the League represented on the Council shall have one vote and may have not more than one representative.

Article V.—Except where otherwise expressly provided in this Covenant decisions at any meeting of the Assembly or of the Council shall require the agreement of all the members of the League represented at the meeting. All matters of procedure at meetings of the Assembly or of the Council, and the appointment of Committees to investigate particular matters shall be regulated by the Assembly or by the Council, and as may be decided by a majority of the members of the League represented at the first meeting of the Assembly, and the first meeting of the Council shall be summoned by the President of the United States of America.

Article VI.—The permanent Secretariat shall be established at the seat of the League. The Secretariat shall comprise a Secretary-General and such secretaries and staff as may be required. The first Secretary-General shall be the person named in the Annex; thereafter the Secretary-General shall be appointed by the Council with the approval of the majority of the Assembly. The secretaries and staff of the Secretariat shall be appointed by the Secretary-General with the approval of the Council.

The Secretary-General shall act in that capacity at all meetings of the Assembly and of the Council. The expense of the Secretariat shall be borne by the members of the League in accordance with the apportionment of the expense of the International Bureau of the Universal Postal Union.

Article VII.—The seat of the League is established at Geneva. The Council may at any time decide that the seat of the League shall be established elsewhere. All positions under or in connection with the League, including the Secretariat, shall be open equally to men

and women. Representatives of the members of the League and officials of the League when engaged on the business of the League shall enjoy diplomatic privileges and immunities. The buildings and other property occupied by the League or its officials or by representatives attending its meetings shall be inviolable.

Article VIII.—The members of the League recognize that the maintenance of a peace requires the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with national safety and the enforcement by common action of international obligations. The Council, taking account of the geographical situation and circumstances of each member of the League, shall formulate plans for such reductions for the consideration and action of the several Governments. Such plans shall be subject to reconsideration and revision at least every ten years. After the plans shall have been adopted by the several Governments the limits of armaments therein fixed shall not be exceeded without the concurrence of the Council. The members of the League agree that the manufacture by private enterprise of munitions and implements of war is open to grave objections. The Council shall advise how the evil effects attendant upon such manufacture can be prevented, regard being paid to the necessities of the members of the League which are not able to manufacture the munitions and implements of war necessary for their safety. Each State undertakes to interchange full and frank information as to the scale of their armaments, their military and naval programmes, and the conditions of such of their industries as are adaptable to warlike purposes.

Article IX.—A permanent Commission shall be constituted to advise the Council on the execution of the provisions of Articles I. and VIII. and on military and naval questions generally.

Article X.—The members of the League undertake to respect and preserve as against external aggression the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the League. In case of any such aggression, or in case of any threat or danger of such aggression, the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.

Article XI.—Any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any of the members of the League or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern of the whole League, and the League shall take any action that may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of nations. In case such emergency should arise the Secretary-General shall, on the request of any member of the League, forthwith summon a meeting of the Council. It is also decided to be the fundamental right of each member of the League to bring to the attention of the Assembly or of the Council any circumstances whatever affecting international relations which threaten to disturb either the peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends.

Article XII.—The members of the League agree that if there should arise between them any dispute likely to lead to a rupture they will submit the matter either to arbitration or to inquiry by the Council, and they agree in no case to resort to war until three months after the award by the arbitrators or the report by the Council. In any case, under this Article the award of the arbitrator shall be made within a reasonable time, and the report of the Council shall be made within six months after the submission of the dispute.

Article XIII.—The members of the League agree that whenever any dispute shall arise between them which they recognize to be suitable for submission to arbitration and which can not be satisfactorily settled by diplomacy, they will submit the whole subject matter to arbitration. Disputes to the interpretation of a treaty, as to any question of international law, as to the existence of any fact which if established would constitute a breach of any international obligation, or as to the extent and nature of its reparation to be made for any such breach are declared to be among those which are generally suitable for submission to arbitration. For the consideration of any such dispute the Court of Arbitration to which the case is referred shall be the Court agreed on by the parties to the dispute or stipulated in any Convention existing between them. The members of the League agree that they will

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carry out in full good faith any award that may be rendered and that they will not resort to war against a member of the League which complies therewith. In the event of any failure to carry out such an award the Council shall propose what steps should be taken to give effect thereto.

Article XIV.—The Council shall formulate and submit to the members of the League for adoption plans for the establishment of a permanent Court of International Justice. The Court shall be competent to hear and determine any dispute of an international character which the parties thereto submit to it. The Court may also give an advisory opinion upon any dispute or question referred to it by the Council or by the Assembly.

Article XV.—If there should arise between members of the League any dispute likely to lead to a rupture which is not submitted to arbitration as above, the members of the League agree that they will submit the matter to the Council. Any party to the dispute may effect such submission by giving notice of the existence of the dispute to the Secretary-General, who will make all necessary arrangements for a full investigation and consideration thereof. For this purpose the parties to the dispute will communicate to the Secretary-General as promptly as possible statements of their case and all the relevant facts and papers. The Council may forthwith direct the publication thereof. The Council shall endeavour to effect a settlement of any dispute, and if such efforts are successful a statement shall be made public giving such facts and explanations regarding the dispute and terms of settlement thereof as the Council may deem appropriate. If the dispute is not thus settled, the Council, either unanimously or by a majority vote, shall make and publish a report containing a statement of the facts of the dispute and the recommendations which are deemed just and proper in regard thereto. Any members of the League represented on the Council may make public a statement of the facts of the dispute and of its conclusions regarding the same. If a report by the Council is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof, other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the League agree that they will not go to war with any party to the dispute which complies with the recommendations of the report. If the Council fails to reach a report which is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof, other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the League reserve to themselves the right to take such action as they shall consider necessary for the maintenance of right and justice. If the dispute between the parties is claimed by one of them and is found by the Council to arise out of a matter which by international law is solely within domestic jurisdiction of that party, the Council shall report and shall make no recommendation as to its settlement. The Council may in any case under this Article refer the dispute to the Assembly, provided that such request be made within 4 days after the report of the Council.

(Continued on Page 40.)

## CHINESE STREET ARABS.

## EFFORTS FOR THEIR RECLAMATION.

The estimate of the educators of China is that only 7 per cent. of the 65,000,000 children of primary-school age in China are in school. Perhaps the majority of those not in school are learning some form of work with their parents. But the number of children, both boys and girls, who spend a large part of the year on the street is appalling to all: literally tens of millions.

An interesting experiment has been made for two summers in the Yangtzepoo playground, which is conducted by Professor Kulp and his associates, of the Shanghai College. During the two months of the summer, they have conducted what is called a daily vacation bible school, in which the children are taught Bible stories, singing, playing games, and work such as making baskets and lace, etc. The summer of 1917 brought an enrolment of 153, with an average attendance of 54. Many others came who refused to enrol—afraid to give their names and addresses. In 1918 there were 225, with an average attendance of 79.

Many difficulties are encountered. The larger boys are "mother" to the tiny babies, and, therefore, cannot do the hard work or get much from the school, so they drop out. Both parents of many of these boys work in the nearby mills, and the boy has to do all the cooking and other house work, as well as be nurse to the baby.

The product aimed at in the school is character, by means of new ideals. In 1918 there was, among others, this by-product—60 waste-paper baskets, made under the instruction of a local basket-maker, who was, of course, a paid teacher.

In the afternoons organised play was conducted. Each summer brings a picnic, and one woman especially was noticed who seemed to have laughed more that afternoon than in all her life before, poor thing. Spitting on the floor is of course the habit of new pupils, but the fingers of scorn pointed at them cause the culprit never to repeat the offence. The growth of social consciousness was thus very marked. In 1918 also a "baby exhibit" was held—showing how to dress, feed and put to sleep the baby (all according to the best Chinese customs). In three days, 3,934 people attended. Each summer the children have been asked to make a "free will offering." In 1917, it was 17 coppers; in 1918, 72 coppers and 17 cash.

These schools are part of a movement begun some years ago by America, but which has since spread to many countries. In America last summer, 4,000 college students gave their summer to this form of social service. Dr. Robert Boville, of New York, the founder of the movement, is at present in China, and last week visited Shanghai. Professor Kulp invited about a dozen interested persons to the Oriental Hotel last Saturday night to meet Dr. Boville at dinner. These, many of whom had been teachers in the summer schools in America, nominated a list of about 20 influential persons of the city who are being communicated with this week with the purpose of forming a committee to prosecute this work for Shanghai and China. It is hoped that a number of schools will be opened this summer in Shanghai. Already they have been held in Canton and Hongchow, and other cities. —N. C. Daily News.

## LOTTERY TO PAY FOR WAR.

## £200,000 PRIZE SUGGESTED.

A great world lottery for the purpose of liquidating the war debts of all the belligerents is proposed by Signor Luzzatti, formerly Italian Minister of Finance.

It is proposed that the tickets be sold at £40 each, the total issue being from £16,000,000,000 to £2,000,000,000, the approximate total cost of the war.

Signor Luzzatti estimates that between 20,000,000 and 40,000,000 people will buy tickets.

The grand prize suggested for this international lottery is £200,000, with thousands of minor prizes varying in value from £2,000 to £50,000.

A French lottery expert estimates that the lottery wheel, in order to be capable of holding all the tickets, will have to be from 30 to 40 yards in diameter.

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## SUPERSTITIONS.

## SOME STRANGE BELIEFS.

Some folk tell you that superstition is dead among us and regret it, others say superstition is rampant in our midst and bewail that. But why worry? When the evidence is equal why not believe what you would like to be true?

Personally, I find superstitions interesting and I pay them the compliment of believing in as many of them as I can.

Take those connected with the heavenly bodies, for instance; if one is expected to say "Good morning" on meeting a friend for the first time after sunrise, is it, I ask you, seemly to give the sun himself the cut direct? In the Far East people know better; they salute him civilly every day, and there he shines on them, often more than they wish, while in England—well! But can we blame the sun since we neglect him so?

The moon fares better here. Many of us bow or curtsy to her seven or even nine times we see her silver bow shining in the western sky. And look how faithfully she has lit all our best air raids for us! A man should turn his money and a woman her apron when saluting the She-Perd of the Stars, and both should "wish" but it is wise to tell no one what.

Christina Rossetti wrote the following verselet to ensure that we should all know "on sight" if the moon is waxing or waning:

"O Lady Moon! Thy horns point to the east, Shine, be increased."

"O Lady Moon! Thy horns point to the west, Wane, be at rest."

It is important to make sure if the moon is waxing, as it is a pity to cut such things as hedges or hair when the moon is growing, as that makes them grow quickly too, whereas you had best not plant or sow when the moon is on the wane, for the contrary reason.

The days of the week are, as we know, all dedicated to ancient gods and nature powers, but there is much other lore connected with them. No wise woman would turn her bed on a Friday unless she also wished to "turn her luck," while Monday is an excellent day for "setting" a hen. And that you should choose your day for sneezing is indicated thus.

Sneeze on a Monday, sneeze for danger;

Sneeze on a Tuesday, see a stranger;

Sneeze on a Wednesday, sneeze for a letter;

Sneeze on a Thursday for something better;

Sneeze on a Friday, sneeze for sorrow;

Sneeze on a Saturday, see your sweetheart to-morrow;

Sneeze on a Sunday before you are up.

You'll see your true love before you sup.

But we must not forget that there is always something magical, and mysterious about a sneeze, for which reason you should echo an "Ah-fish-shoo" by calling a blessing on the sneezer.—C. M. A. Peake, in the Daily Mail.

## GENERAL NEWS.

## BURNS AS A VOLUNTEER.

Mr. W. Will, managing director of the Graphic, one of the leading authorities on Robert Burns, has written a striking work on the poet as a volunteer. The book, which was published in Glasgow (John Smith and Son) recently, is a convincing reply to some of the poet's critics. Mr. Will, who is President of the London Robert Burns Club, has dealt with a phase of the poet's life that has been too much ignored by biographers, and his new book will be welcomed by every patriotic Scot.

## MIAO FAMINE RELIEF APPEAL.

Appeals for aid have reached Shanghai from missionaries in Kweichow and Yunnan who have started relief work among the starving thousands of Miaos. The famine in these two districts is owing to an almost complete failure of the crops. According to letters received here from the Rev. J. Parsons, a missionary working in the Miao district, the condition of the people is desperate. Answering to the appeal, the Miao Famine Relief Committee has been formed with the Reverend C. M. Meyers, 9 Hankow Road, as treasurer, and an appeal for funds is being made. Contributions will be telegraphed to the district. The sum of \$100 per day is necessary to meet the situation. The present lack of funds only allows missionaries to aid people actually starving.

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All communications intended for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

Business correspondence should be sent to the Manager.

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The "Hongkong Telegraph" is delivered free when the addressee is accessible to messenger. Peak subscribers can have their copies delivered at their residences without any extra charge. On copies sent by post an additional \$1.80 per quarter is charged for postage.

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## The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1919.

## JAPAN AND SHANTUNG.

We do not altogether like the look of the Japanese attitude on the Shantung question, as revealed in a message to hand yesterday from Shanghai. That message stated that, based on her twenty-one demands and other agreements, Japan is making strong demands for her rights in Shantung, and that if these are not conceded she may follow Italy's example and leave the Paris Peace Conference. That would be a distinctly regrettable step, and one, if taken, which would suggest that Japan is more concerned with her own gains than with the attainment of a lasting world peace. When we recall the nature of the twenty-one demands, and how, if accepted, they would have meant the surrendering of precious rights by China and at the same time give Japan a strong hold on the Chinese, we cannot but feel that the Japanese are going a step too far in again basing their policy along those lines. These demands, too, are rather in conflict with the spirit of the League of Nations, to which Japan is a signatory, and the object of which is, *inter alia*, "to promote international co-operation... by the prescription of open, just and honourable relations between nations... and by the maintenance of justice." If Japan were prepared to act in that spirit in her dealings with China, we should find that the Chinese question would be robbed of the greater part of its seriousness and be made relatively easy of solution. The whole problem of Shantung, where the Germans formerly had more influence than they ever should have, is one, on the successful dealing with which, the future peace of China greatly depends. The fate of Tsingtau is the big bone of contention, for whilst Japan would appear anxious to hold on to it at all costs, China naturally wants it retroceded, in accordance with the Japanese promise when it was wrested from the Germans. The Paris Peace Conference thinks that the best way out of the situation is for the five Great Powers temporarily to control Tsingtau and eventually hand it back direct to China. The Peking Government is now seemingly willing to agree to such an arrangement in the peace terms. The message to hand yesterday stated that as Britain and France have secret agreements with Japan concerning Shantung, they may not be able to help China. It would be interesting to know what agreements hinder either the British or the French from standing by China in the maintenance of her rights. We know of none, and the best evidence of the Anglo-French desire to see China once again in possession of Tsingtau is their willingness to agree that the place should be taken out of the hands of Japanese, be controlled for the time being by the Great Powers, and then returned to its rightful owner, China. What reasonable ground Japan can have for opposing that plan we do not know, and if she really contemplates backing out of the Paris Peace Conference because she cannot have all her desires regarding Shantung granted, she will greatly discredit herself in the eyes of the whole world. China can very well become the cause of much trouble, involving many nations, if any one foreign country pursues an unjust line in its policy towards her. But if all act in line with the basic ideas of the League of Nations and be "open, just and honourable," a great cloud will be lifted in the Orient.

## NOTES AND COMMENTS.

## EXIT THE CENSOR.

The newspapers of the Colony are no longer subject to the censorship which has been in operation throughout the period of the war. We are naturally very glad to have the restrictions removed, for at times they have been irksome and, as enforced by at least two officers now no longer in the Colony, often resulted in the elimination of comment and news which, we are convinced, should not have been withheld from the public. It would be unfair, however, to Major Cassel if we did not frankly say that, during the past two years and more, the measure of military interference has been infinitesimal. We have all along realised the necessity of a censorship, and if it had always been enforced in the spirit followed by the officer named, there would not have been the least cause for complaint. Incidentally, this Colony, throughout the whole period of the war, has been spared any untoward incident—a circumstance which is true of very few British possessions—and we have not the slightest doubt that the censorship restrictions have been a factor in this happy outcome. So we gladly give credit where credit is due. As to past grievances, we can, to-day at least, forget them in the happy issue out of our troubles.

## APPRECIATED LABOUR.

We are not greatly enamoured of statues, and in any case they ought only to be erected in remembrance of persons thoroughly worthy of such an honour. The Unofficial members of the Executive and Legislative Councils, however, have come forward with a most admirable proposal when they suggest that such a public memorial should be erected to mark the community's appreciation of Sir Henry May's work in the Colony. As the Memorandum issued by the Unofficial members recalls, Sir Henry spent practically the whole of his working life in the Colony, and he was the first Hongkong official to attain the position of Governor of the Colony. The statue which it is proposed to erect is not therefore merely to be regarded as a memento of his Governorship, but as a lasting tribute to practically the whole of his official life. Sir Henry May's greatest detractors willingly admit that in those forty years he did much for Hongkong, whilst his high integrity, devotion to duty and sterling character made him admired as a man even by those who disagreed with some of his official acts. Above all else, he showed himself to be a man, and the Colony will be revealing a fitting appreciation of high qualities by honouring Sir Henry in this way. It will also be some consolation to our late Governor to feel, in the hour of his enforced retirement through ill-health, that his works are still remembered in the Colony to which he is so warmly attached.

## BRITISH MOTORS IN THE EAST.

The Overseas Trade Department, we read in Home papers, is sending an investigator to the Straits Settlements, Hongkong, Shanghai, Australia and Japan to acquire into the prospects of the sale of British motor cars. British cars in Hongkong and, we believe, in other parts of the East, are very popular with those who can afford to buy a good class of car and are not much affected by price. The British car attracts the wealthy as being strongly built and a fine car to ride in. The price, however, does make British cars impossible for many people. British cars are so well constructed that they will stand the wear and tear of bad roads wonderfully well, and in this respect they are cheaper than the initial cost would suggest. The British Government's control of steel has affected prices very much, and this control is being relaxed very slowly, so that manufacture is delayed. Speedy delivery is one of the few essentials if the British car is to make its way in the East. The prices of British cars at present are far above the pre-war figures. Most makes of British cars are up fifty per cent. at least. On the other hand, the prices of most American cars are only up by thirty per cent. The cause of the high prices of British cars is to be found in the labour difficulty and in the great divergence of types of cars hitherto made. The intention to standardise production and to limit the cars made in any one factory to two or three types has not yet been manifested by any reduction of price.

## DAY BY DAY.

## IT MATTERS LITTLE IF YOU ARE IGNORANT FOR YOU WILL MEET PEOPLE DAILY WHO KNOW IT ALL.

H. M. S. Cadmus has assumed her pre-war dress of white, which is a decided improvement on the sombre grey of warfaring days.

During yesterday there were notified eight cases of plague (six fatal), four of cerebro-spinal meningitis (one fatal) and one fatal occurrence of enteric fever. All the sufferers were Chinese.

"Also Amused."—For your information. Anonymous letters which appear in the *Telegraph* are not manufactured in this office. Furthermore, unless accompanied by the name of the writer, they are not inserted.

A band of armed robbers on November 13th last looted the Lai Njok village, in the district of Sun Wai. A number of the villagers were kidnapped and held to ransom. Three men, alleged to have been concerned in the outrage, have been arrested by the Police in the Colony and an application will be made at the Magistracy by the Canton Authorities for their extradition. The Assistant Crown Solicitor, Mr. Leo Longinotto, will conduct the case for the Crown, while the fugitives will be represented by Mr. J. H. Gardiner.

A sentence of three months' hard labour was to-day inflicted by Mr. R. E. Lindell on a Chinese boy, who was yesterday arrested in Queen's Road West. This youth gave great promise of developing into a fine desperado. He was yesterday seen, with another boy in Queen's Road by a constable and shadowed to No. 35. The suspicious manner in which they acted made the constable believe that they were intending to commit a felony. One of the boys escaped, but his companion was arrested, and found in possession of a chopper. This weapon was concealed underneath his trousers.

A game of cards resulted in an unhappy ending for the players to-day. Two Chinese women yesterday indulged in the game as a pastime. A heated discussion soon arose over 15 cents which one of the women lost to the other. Words developed into blows and one of the women, it was alleged, chased the other with a stick, and gave her a knock on the head which caused the blood to flow. The injured player summoned her attacker before Mr. G. N. Orme to-day. The defendant denied the assault, intimating that the complainant fell on the stick and thus received the injury. Mr. Orme fined the Amazon \$7, and bound both parties over in a sum of \$100 to be of good behaviour for the next six months.

## PROPERTY SALE.

## SOME KEEN BIDDING.

Investors in landed properties mustered strongly at Mr. Lammett's auction sale yesterday when twenty lots of leasehold property belonging to the estate of Ho Tsun-sun were put to the hammer, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court. Keen interest was evinced in the bidding, which was animated.

Nos. 49 and 51, Hollywood Road, Semi-European houses, fetched \$40,200, the purchaser being Mr. Ng Wah.

No. 402, Queen's Road West and No. 7, Sam To Lane were knocked down to Mr. Liu Yau Cheun for \$11,500.

Nos. 406, Queen's Road West, 31, Centre Street and 35, Centre Street realised from Mr. Leung Wah-ling \$7,600, \$10,000 and \$9,500 respectively.

Nos. 5, Sam To Lane, 26 and 28 First Street were sold to Mr. Wong Lan-fong for \$4,700, \$7,200 and \$7,200.

Nos. 37, First Street and 153 Second Street went to Mr. Chan Hin for \$8,800 and \$6,600.

Mr. Chat Yue-tung paid \$9,300 and \$11,300 respectively for 37, Centre Street and 30 Peel Street.

No. 41, Centre Street was knocked down at \$11,900, Mr. Wong Bick-yue being the purchaser.

Nos. 51, and 53, Second Street fetched \$6,500 each from Mr. Leung Kit-sang.

Mr. Lee Ki paid \$7,800 for 52 First Street and Mr. Leung Yick-sam \$15,800 for 23, Gage Street.

## MUSICAL JOTTINGS.

## (BY "ENHARMONIC.")

With regard to my remarks in connection with playing in harmonics and double stopping, when speaking of the violin or cello, I appear not to have made myself clear to certain people interested. Perhaps the following definitions will simplify the matter.—A harmonic (or overtone) is a musical note produced by a number of vibrations which is a multiple of the number producing some other. Harmonics, or harmony, (double stopping, on a stringed instrument) is the science that treats of musical sounds in their combination and progression. The question has been asked whether harmonics, or harmonies, are confined to thirds. No, they are not. Who said they were?

On Friday last there was reprinted in the *Telegraph* an article on "The Problem of Colour Music" in which the author referred to the possibility of producing the different shades of colour contained in what the terms the colour octave, by means of the sound vibrations set in motion when playing a piano, with the assistance of an electrical device connected with the spectrum band. The author calls this "colour music," and makes it fairly clear that by the device referred to, a stage may be flooded with varying coloured lights according to the sound vibrations produced by playing different chords and passages on a piano. From a point of view of scientific phenomena the thing may be interesting but when it is suggested that such phenomena would add to the effects of a musical performance I make bold to disagree. Just imagine a Beethoven sonata to the accompaniment of a series of constantly changing lights! To my mind it would have a most distracting effect and would attain nothing more than a kind of glorified kaleidoscopic display with "a little false, professor, please." Colour effects are all very well when the visual sense is appealed to, but when it comes to applying the theory in conjunction with an appeal to the auditory sense I do not think that any lover of music would find it other than disconcerting.

I am always on the look out for new talent in the Colony and I discovered a dark horse, the other evening, at the St. George's Day Dinner at the Hongkong Hotel in the person of Mr. G. N. Orme. The gentleman sang selections from Edward German's "Merrie England," and an encore (well deserved) in as good a tenor voice as one could wish to hear from an amateur. His notes were clear and true and possessed that musical timbre which so greatly adds to the charm of the male voice. I do not remember having heard Mr. Dumbarton sing in public, during the past two or three years, but if he will pardon my saying so he should give his fellow creatures the benefit of his fine gift on all possible occasions.

At the Metropolitan Opera House, New York Mme. Barri atos and Caruso have been taking part in various operas, including Rosini's Barber of Seville and Donizetti's *Elisir d'Amore*. Mme. Barri atos's voice, in combination and alternation with that of Caruso is reported to have created a sensation. In that part of the world Massenet seems also to be in great demand and Mary Garden has been scoring huge successes, particularly in *Cleopatra*. German opera appears to have been shelved for good.

The same City has recently been electrified by the playing of a young Brazilian pianiste, Miss Guimaraes Novaes. Miss Novaes is 23 years of age and after a brilliant rendering of Grieg's concerto, recently, she received an ovation that would have flattered a Paderewski or a Mark Hambourg. To give some idea of the success achieved by this lady an American critic writes:—"When a young girl from Brazil can make a veteran critic, blasé after a season of interminable music, as happy as a boy who has been taken to the circus for the first time, she must be something very extraordinary indeed."

## CORRESPONDENCE.

## (To the Editor of the "Hongkong Telegraph.")

## THE NAVY'S ROLE.

Sir,—As Members of the Executive Committee of the Navy League, we view with alarm the intention of the Government to concentrate the whole administration of National Defence—Navy, Army and Air Services—under a single Minister. It is admitted on all hands that the Navy has won this War, for it was only the Fleet which was in sufficient efficiency equal to the emergency, and we were able to expand our Army and Aerial Forces. Sea-Power cannot be improvised. Unlike soldiers, seamen cannot be created in a few months; ships take a long time to build, and the sea spirit must be continually nurtured and supported by the public sense of jeopardy.

The Fleet is, and always must be, the Empire's first line of defence which means that seamen must have a predominating influence on the strategy of the Mother Country and the Dominions. Once we admit the equality of the three lines of defence we necessarily weaken naval administration.

Yours etc.

W. W. ASHLEY  
V. BISCOE TRITTON  
(Joint Chairmen.)

A. SHIRLEY BENN  
ALAN J. BURGOYNE  
E. R. FREMANTLE  
JOHN GRETTON  
P. J. HANNOY  
A. BOSTOCK HILL  
ARCHIBALD HURD  
R. D. DOUGLAS MacLEAN  
ARNOLD WHITE.

London, March, 1919.

## ATHLETICS.

Sir,—I should be obliged if you would kindly allow me a little space in your esteemed paper to convey the following information to those who are interested in athletic sports:—

At the Happy Valley yesterday, after the half-mile event, the brothers "G. & B. Hyder," who came in first and second respectively, intimated, in a somewhat boasting spirit, that they can beat anybody in this Colony in either the 1/4 or 1/2 mile distance.

This was said in the presence of a few others besides myself, but if the Hydres really think they are good enough to defy anybody in this Colony, will they please at least have the decency to issue their challenge publicly, through the medium of the Press, and not go about telling everybody that they are the champions? Although it is generally admitted that the Hydres are undoubtedly good runners, considering their age, perhaps, after all, they are only good enough to beat schoolboys like themselves, and when it comes to running against proper athletes it would be quite a different question.

Thanking you for publishing this letter.

Yours etc.

## LOVER OF SPORTS.

Hongkong, May 1, 1919.

## POLICE RESERVE ORDERS.

Orders issued by Mr. J. W. Franks, D.S.P. (R.) state:—

## ARMOURY.

The Musketry Sergeant will attend the Armoury on the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month from 5.15 to 6.15 p.m.

When it is necessary for a member to return a rifle between those dates an order in writing will be obtained by him from his Equipment Officer, and the rifle will be handed, with the order, to the Store Sergeant.

## DUTIES.

Search Supervision duties will be performed as follows:—  
1st May to 9th May (inclusive) by No. 2 Platoon.  
10th May to 1st June (inclusive) by No. 2 Company.

## MEETING.

A meeting will be held at Headquarters on the 2nd May at 5.30 p.m. All Staff Officers, Inspectors and Sergeants who have not performed a.s. duties are required to attend.

Staff Inspector Eldridge will attend. This order does not apply to the Band Orchestra, Buglers and Mounted Section Uniform optional.

## TO-DAY'S MISCELLANY.

Superstitions regarding marriage are common in all parts of the world. One is that a bride, on leaving her home for the wedding trip, must step into the carriage with her right foot first. She could do the same when she first enters the home prepared for her after the bridal trip. A pretty custom which is tinged with superstition is that of the bride, as she is about to leave her home after the ceremony, tossing her bouquet among her female friends. The one who catches it, it is said, will be the next bride. A favourite wedding day in Scotland is December 31, so that the young couple can leave their old life and begin their married life with the new one. It is a sharp-pointed wedding gift are permitted.

There is a curious want of unanimity as to the right name to give the meeting of the day. Is it the Peace Conference or the Peace Congress? Most of the newspapers speak of it as the Peace Conference. There cannot be much doubt, however, that in its official records it will be called the Peace Congress. The "Encyclopaedia Britannica" says that—"In diplomacy the word 'conference' is used as a meeting of the representatives of greater or less States for the purpose of settling particular points, as distinguished from a 'congress,' which is properly a meeting of the Great Powers for the settlement of questions of general interest." In its international sense, according to the same authority, "the term 'congress' is only applied to gatherings of first-class importance... less important meetings are usually termed 'conference.'" It seems clear that if the present peace meeting is only a conference there will never be a congress.

The actors of London are to have a Trade Union all to themselves and are long the record boom in theatres, which the metropolis is now enjoying, may be cut short by the announcement that the "heavy man" requires another ten pounds a week, that the stage hands have come out in sympathy, and that the understudy has been waylaid by pickets. Seriously, there is no reason whatever why the advantages of Trade Unionism should be denied to this particular hard-worked body of public servant. We hope, however, that they will not merely organise to secure more money and better conditions of employment but that, just as the engineers have insisted on a reasonable share in the administration of the workshops, so they will demand some participation in the management of the theatre. Many actors are men of culture and imagination, who could direct and inspire public entertainment far more effectively than the syndicates of financial philistines at present debasing it.

Governor Lowden is not a candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination in 1920. In these words is launched the first formal "boom" in either party. The statement, which is given out by the Secretary of State at Springfield, continues:—"There is every reason to believe, however, that in the search for the best available material, within the Republican party his name may be presented to the Republican National Convention as a possible standard bearer—not alone as the candidate of Illinois but as the probable choice of the great Central West as well." Governor Lowden's record is distinctly in his favour. While not attracting the attention of the nation as Hughes at Albany and Wilson at Trenton attracted it, he has actually done what is often promised and seldom realised—given his State a business Administration. (This was not easy. There were the usual political difficulties, and in addition an untoward Constitution. Governor Lowden was not to be discouraged by obstacles, however, and his determination, coupled with a tactful method of dealing with people, has resulted, among other things, in a budget system for the third State in the Union, such material advances as ratification by the voters of a loan of \$60,000,000 for better roads, the loan to be taken care of by automobile taxes, and the bringing together of leaders of capital and labour in co-operation for the task of reconstruction.

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THE ANNUAL SPORTS.

There was a large attendance of visitors at the Race Course yesterday on the occasion of the Fifth Annual Athletic Meeting of the St. Joseph's College. The proceedings were enlivened by the Band of the 18th Infantry.

After many weeks of preparations and unavoidable waiting, due to the use of the course for other meetings, the Sports Committee of the College had the satisfaction of seeing their energetic efforts culminate in a highly successful meeting yesterday, when an exceptionally large number of entrants, considerably augmented by those from the other schools and Convents, competed for the 31 events which went to make up the programme of the meeting. Of great variety were these events, and arranged with a view to offering every inducement to the scholars to try their athletic skill. Nor were the expectations formed by the Committee of a crowded meeting unrealised, for the number of competitors reached nearly 200, which total did not include the large number of non-Collegians. Taking into consideration the total attendance of the College, this figure, which was an improvement over former years, formed a very respectable percentage, and was certainly an indication of the popularity of sports with the scholars. As is the case in meetings of this kind, the weather is a condition on which the success of the event largely depends. Judging by the number of entrants and the pace set in yesterday's sports, it was but a secondary consideration with the scholars, and in this connection much credit is due to the scholars for their keenness, for the weather with which they were favoured yesterday was hardly such as would commend itself to their comfort in the case of violent exercise. Under the able direction of the officials, the meeting was successfully carried through without mishap, except in the case of the Bicycle Race, when, partly from the hot pace maintained and partly from a slight collision between their bicycles, two of the contestants were rendered hors d'combat. The Senior Championship of the Colony was won by that redoubtable athlete, A. Rahmin, who won 9 points out of a possible 18. A gold medal, presented by the College, was his award. A special prize was also presented to B. A. Hyder for winning the Civil Service Cup.

At the conclusion of the sports, the gathering assembled round a table on which were the prizes. Among these were two magnificent cups which were on exhibition. These cups were the special pride of the College, for one of them was the Championship Cup of the Second Division of the Football League, while the other was the trophy which the Collegians had secured at the last Inter-Schools Team Race. This cup has been in the possession of the College for the last nine years, and it speaks much for the athletic prowess of the College that they have been able to retain it for such a long period.

The prizes were distributed by Mrs. E. Ralphs who, at the close of the function, was accorded the thanks of the College.

The Rev. Bro. Aimar, the Director of the College, said he had great pleasure in thanking visitors for their presence, and also those who had organised the meeting, especially those Old Boys who were always ready and always willing to help their old school. They also wanted him to thank all those who had contributed to the prize fund and also the donors of the prizes.

Mrs. Ralphs was presented with a fine bouquet of flowers. The silver holder for the bouquet was presented by the St. Joseph's College Old Boys Association. Cheers for Mrs. Ralphs, emphasised with a "tiger," concluded the proceedings.

The officials responsible for the arrangements are deserving of congratulation. They were: General Committee: Rev. Bro. Director (President), Chevalier Francisco de Yate, the Rev. Brothers of St. Joseph's College, the Committee of the St. Joseph's College Association (ex-officio), Messrs. J. P. Braga, F. E. Carvalho, H. Dixon, M. Fernandez, E. J. Noronha, J. M. Noronha, J. C. V. Ribeiro, V. F. P. Ribeiro, J. M. Rocha, J. P. Xavier and G. A. Yanovich. Judges: Messrs J. M. Braga, W. Erra, T. A. Carvalho and Rev. J. S. Harrington. Handicappers: Mr. R. M. Omar and Mr. F. A. Xavier. Starters: Messrs D. Duggin, A. Goldenberg and F. L. Silva. Time Keepers: Mr. L. A. Gutierrez, Mr. J. M. Rocha, Dr. F. M. Graca Ozorio and Mr. U. M. Omar. Hon. Secretaries: Rev. Bro. Alphonsus and Mr. J. P. Braga. Working Committee: Messrs I. M. Alaraka, R. M. Alaraka, M. Baptista, R. D. Baptista, J. M. Braga, N. Braga, F. H. Carvalho, T. A. Carvalho, L. G. Cordeiro, F. H. Dillon, S. H. Garrod, A. Goldenberg, L. A. Gutierrez, P. T. Julian, F. J. Luz, W. Mehal, R. M. Omar, U. M. Omar, D. Ruttonjee, F. L. Silva, H. Silva, R. Batam and F. A. Xavier.

The results follow:

Long Jump (Junior).—1. J. Akder; 2. Tay Yew Ai. Distance, 14ft. 2in.

Long Jump (Senior).—1. A. Rahmin; 2. O. Ismail. Distance, 18ft.

100 Yards Flat Race (Junior).—1. H. Braga; 2. Tay Yew Ai. Time, 11 3/5secs.

120 Yards Flat Race (Senior).—1. A. Rahmin; 2. N. Silva. Time, 15 4/5secs.

50 Yards Small Boys' Race (for boys 10 years of age and under).—1. C. Paley; 2. C. F. Oamund; 3. C. H. Hartman.

440 Yards Flat Race (Junior).—1. Tay Yew Ai; 2. H. Braga. Time, 57secs.

440 Yards Flat Race (Senior).—1. F. Rodrigues; 2. John Go. Time, 53secs.

100 Yards Small Boys' Race (for boys 10 years of age and under).—1. C. Paley; 2. Robt. Watt.

High Jump (Junior).—1. H. Braga; 2. A. Rocha. Height, 4ft. 6in.

60 yds. flat race (handicap). For boys of 10 and under.—1. B. Gosano; 2. T. Hamid.

Senior high jump.—1. John Go; 2. Lau Hon Wing. Height 5 feet 1in.

120 yds. flat race. Open to St. Lewis Industrial School (handicap).—1. Lo Yew; 2. K. Pat To Luk. Time 14 4/5secs.

Junior 220 yds. flat race (handicap).—1. Chan Kam Woon; 2. L. Ribeiro. Time 26 3/5s.

Senior 220 yds. flat race. Challenge cups presented by St. Joseph's College Association.—1. A. Rahmin; 2. O. Ismail. Time 33 4/5s.

120 yds. flat race (handicap). Open to members of St. Joseph's College Association.—1. J. M. Braga; 2. T. A. Carvalho. Time 13s.

Team race 220 yds. Open to teams of 8 from all schools.—1. Queen's College.

Senior and Junior Sack race, (handicap).—1. H. Braga; 2. Luke Tang.

100 Yards flat race. Open to Italian Convent (handicap).—1. Agnes Dillon; 2. Margaret Williams; 3. Branca Perpetua.

Junior half-mile flat race (handicap).—1. L. Rocha; 2. H. Ribeiro; 3. Chan Kam Woon. Time 2m. 20s.

Senior half-mile flat race (handicap).—1. G. A. Hyder; 2. B. A. Hyder. Time 2m. 14 2/5s.

100 yds. Veteran's race. Open to past pupils over 20 years of age.—1. E. J. Noronha; 2. H. Campos.

100 yds. flat race (handicap). For boys 10 years of age and under.—1. D. Rizack; 2. Haroon. Time 23s.

One mile bicycle race (handicap).—1. L. Rocha; 2. P. Botelho.

100 yds. flat race (handicap). Open to St. Mary's School, Kowloon.—1. Ida Oliveira; 2. J. Luz; 3. B. Gil.

440 yards flat race (handicap). For past pupils.—1. R. M. Omar; 2. E. da Silva; 3. L. Ismail.

100 yards flat race (handicap). Open to St. Francis School.—1. B. Gosano; 2. A. Ozorio.

Three legged race. 100 yards. (Junior and Senior).—1. M. Silva and L. Xavier; 2. Hon Wing and Ping Yuen.

100 yards flat race. Open to French Convent School (handicap).—1. Anne Solomon; 2. Ruby Coue.

150 yds. flat race (handicap). Open to St. Joseph's Branch, Kowloon.—1. J. Luz; 2. B. Santos; 3. R. F. Tavares.

Junior 120 yds. Consolation race.—1. A. Silva; 2. J. F. Cotton.

Senior 120 yds. Consolation race.—1. S. A. Saphar; 2. A. Hassan.

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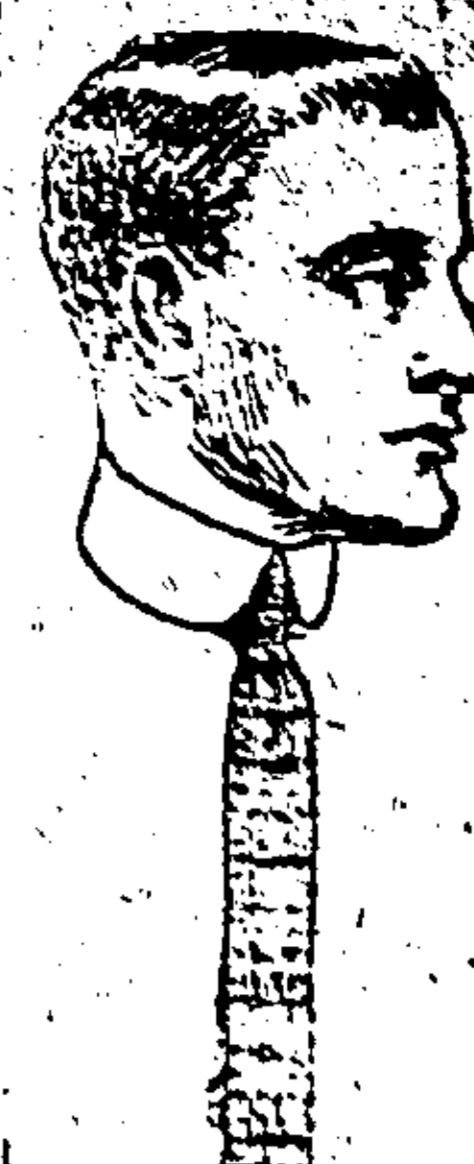
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Try Dr. Williams' pink pills without delay if you are a sufferer from the after-effects of the grip or any form of debility caused by thin blood. They are obtainable from medicine vendors everywhere, also post free, one bottle for \$1.50, six for \$8.00, from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 96 Szechuen Road, Shanghai. A booklet full of useful information on "Building Up The Blood" will be sent free to any reader in response to a postcard request to the above address.

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New York, April 20.—Rear Admiral Simms, who commanded the American battle fleet in European waters, and who won there the hearty commendation of the British naval officers, said during a speech delivered here on the war, that he believed there were 205 German submarines at the bottom of the sea.



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Ports to the United States of America and Canada.For particulars of Freight and Passage apply to the  
Java-China-Japan Lijn.General Managers,  
York Buildings.

Telephone No. 1574.

## CHINA MAIL S.S. CO. LTD.

FREIGHT AND PASSENGERS.  
"NANKING" "CHINA"

15,000 tons, American Registry (10,000 tons, American Registry)

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR  
SAN FRANCISCO

VIA SHANGHAI, JAPAN PORTS &amp; HONOLULU.

"NANKING" "CHINA"  
June 19th, 1919. July 2nd, 1919.

AN UNSURPASSED HIGH CLASS PASSENGER SERVICE.

O. H. RITTER, Freight and Passenger Agent.  
Prince's Buildings, Ice House Street. Tel. 1934.

## "ELLERMAN" LINE.

(ELLERMAN &amp; BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

JAPAN, CHINA & STRAITS  
TO  
UNITED KINGDOM AND CONTINENT.For Steamer Sailing  
LONDON & ANTWERP "HASSANO"For particulars of sailings shippers are requested to approach  
the undersigned.

Subject to change without notice.

or to BEISS & Co., Canton  
Hongkong, 10, Ave. 1917.THE BANK LINE, LTD.  
General Agents.

## SHIPPING NEWS.

WOODEN SHIPOWNERS TO  
COMBINE.

Referring to the scheme of the Japanese owners of wooden ships to combine themselves into a steamship company, the proposed capital will be ten million yen, and ships to be surrendered to the new company are estimated at 50,000 tons. Ships will be purchased by the new company at 140 yen per ton. It is decided that the present owners shall also invest in the company sixty yen for each ton of their ships to be purchased by the company, and therefore for each share of two hundred yen of the new company the holder is to produce one ton of his ship and sixty yen in cash.

FRANCE DESIRES TO CHARTER  
MORE SHIPS.

Feeling the scarcity of ships, the French Government has been desirous of chartering more ships, and several negotiations were opened with Japanese shipowners. The rate offered by France is said to be twenty-two shillings, and, considering the special bonuses to be distributed to the crews, the higher insurance rates, and the dearer cost of foodstuffs in Europe, the shipowners are not willing to charter their ships at the above rate. However, it is reported that some compromise may be effected satisfactory to both parties.

## FREIGHTS.

Messrs. Wheelock and Co.'s fortnightly freight market report dated April 24, states:—The situation in our Homeward Freight market is as follows:—To United Kingdom and Continent—It can be said that prospects on the homeward berths, particularly to Continental Ports, are good and all that is now needed is an improvement in the telegraph service to enable business to be transacted more easily and expeditiously. To United States via Pacific—There is nothing much doing as yet; there are indications that cargo may be moving a little more freely during the course of the next month or so; in the meanwhile a new tariff has come into force, as from the 17th instant, reducing the rate on general cargo from \$20.00 to \$15.00 per ton with a few other modifications. Coastwise—Although there is a fair amount of inquiry in the North, rates have weakened somewhat in sympathy with the Southern market, but any decided improvement in the South is bound to react on our northern rates. A healthier tone is now apparent in all markets and there is hope of improvement in the near future. For New York via Panama or Suez—The S.S. Lowther Castle sailed on the 19th instant and is proceeding via the Suez Canal. The attention of shippers is drawn to the fact that now that hostilities have ceased the New York Conference Lines will in all probability revert to their former practice of despatching of steamers by both the Panama and Suez routes, the sailings each way being, as far as possible, alternating and to avoid disappointment in future shippers are recommended to conclude sales on the basis of "shipment via Panama and/or Suez Canals" rather than "shipment via Panama" only as has been the custom recently caused by the Suez route being temporarily suspended on account of its passing through the war zone. The steamer for May loading has not yet been declared.

## THE VICTORY MEDAL.

Washington, April 20.—General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of United States Army, has announced, after prolonged conferences with the Allied governments, that a design has been approved for a Victory medal to be given to every soldier who participated on the side of the Allies in commemoration of their service to civilization.

## CLERGY AS M.P.s.

The Bishop of Kensington presided at a conference on the question of the removal of the Parliamentary and municipal disabilities of the clergy, at Church House, Westminster, recently. Resolutions were unanimously passed declaring that it was desirable that all Parliamentary and municipal disabilities of the clergy be removed, and that a deputation should be appointed to wait upon the Prime Minister with the view of facilitating the matter.

## SHIPPING.

## C. N. C.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

For	Steamers.	To Sail.
TIEN TSIN	Huichow	3rd May at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	Yingchow	4th May at 11 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	Liangchow	5th May at noon
SHANGHAI	Sikiang	5th May at noon
SHANGHAI	Suiyang	8th May at noon
SHANGHAI & TSINGTAO	Kwangse	11th May at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI LINE—PASSENGERS, MAILS AND CARGO. Excellent Saloon accommodation, amply supplied. Electric Light and Fans in Saloon and State-rooms. Regular schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai (thrice weekly) and Tientsin (weekly), taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and North China Ports. Passengers are landed in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

BANGKOK LINE.—Weekly service to and from Bangkok via Swatow.

For Freight or Passage apply to  
Telephone No. 36.  
Hongkong May 1, 1919.BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,  
Agents.

## JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Regular Fortnightly Service between  
CHINA and JAPAN.

Steamer	From	Expected on or about	Will leave on or about	To
Tjikong	Java	in port	30th Apr.	Japan
Tjikini	Java	6th May		

"The steamers are all fitted throughout with electric light and have accommodation for a limited number of saloon-passengers. All steamers carry a duly qualified surgeon. Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Netherlands-India and Australia."

For particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

Telephone No. 1574.  
JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.  
York Building.

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LD.

HONGKONG &amp; SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS SERVICE.

Regular Service of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers having good accommodation for first Class Passengers, Electric Light and Fans in state-rooms and Saloon and Excellent Cuisine.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 days.)

Steamships. Captain Leaving.  
Hallan ... | A. H. Stewart ... | THURS. 18th May at 1 p.m.

Arrivals and Departures from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to

Douglas Lapraik & Co.,  
General Managers.INDO-CHINA STEAM  
NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Projected Sailings from Hongkong, (Subject to Alteration).

For	Steamship	On
MANILA	Loongsang	Fri. 2nd May at 3 p.m.
STRAITS & Calcutta	Fooshing	Sat. 3rd May at 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI	Hopsang	Sun. 4th May at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI	Loksang	Thur. 6th May at 11 a.m.
SANDAKAN	Hinsang	Wed. 7th May at noon
TIEN TSIN	Chipsang	Fri. 8th May at 11 a.m.
MANILA	Wosang	Fri. 9th May at 3 p.m.

CALCUTTA LINE.—This line is now being reorganized and will shortly afford frequent and regular sailings to Calcutta via Singapore and Penang.

Returning from Calcutta steamers proceed via Straits and Hongkong to Japan, occasionally calling at Shanghai.

All steamers have excellent passenger accommodation, are fitted with Electric Light and Fans and carry a fully qualified Surgeon.

SHANGHAI LINE.—Sailings approximately every five days between Canton and Shanghai, sometimes calling at Swatow. Steamers on this line have a limited amount of passenger accommodation, and through bills can be obtained for Northern and Yangtze Ports via Shanghai.

MANILA LINE.—A weekly service is maintained with Manila by vessels with good passenger accommodation, sailings from both ports every Friday.

HAIPHONG LINE.—Sailings approximately weekly for passengers and cargo, calling at Haiphong when indicated.

BORNEO LINE.—One sailing per month between Hongkong and Sandakan by a steamer being up to date.

Cargo taken on through Bills of Lading for Katoe, Jesselton, Labuan, Tawau and Lahat, Davao, calling at Welat and Chelao.

Under Straits Government Passport Regulations.

All European Passengers, leaving the Colony for Straits Settlement, are required to produce on arrival at destination passports with their Photographs and description affixed thereto.

For Freight or passage, apply to

JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.  
Telephone No. 215. General Managers.

## UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The Great Northern Telegraph Company, Ltd.

Bowers, St. Georges Hotel, from Yokohama.

Changchee, Lohpohching, from Shanghai.

Chanho, Taitong Hotel, from Amoy (two).

Fooktonghon, Limmoontong, from Amoy.

Seyongkaptong, fourth story Pingtia Central Market, from Amoy.

Sweekee Co., Canton Road, from Amoy.

Oo Onwuntanpac Tsushoyoko, from Osaka.

Yeecheong, from Kobe.

Masakata Nakano, c/o N.Y.K.

8, Kings Building, from Tokio.

Satahakupan Hee Mingkee West Camp, from Tokio.

T. KRING, Act. Superintendent.

Hongkong, April 25, 1919.

Eastern Extension Australasia &amp; China Telegraph Co.

List of Unclaimed Telegrams lying in the E. E. Telegraph Office at Hongkong:—

Mackenzie, 4 Rednaxela Terrace, from Macao.

Watkins, from Soerabaya.

T. F. 118808

Superintendent.

Hongkong, April 24, 1919.

## SHIPPING.

## O. S. K.

## OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.  
LONDON & ANTWERP—Monthly direct service via Singapore and Port Said.

"OHIPUKU MARU" Tuesday, 29th April.  
"AMUR MARU" 30th May. (Call Marseilles).  
GENOA & BOMBAY—Monthly service. Taking cargo on through Bills of Lading with transshipment at Bombay to Co.'s steamer.  
"KASADO MARU" Tuesday, 6th May.  
BUENOS AIRES, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MAURITIUS, DURBAN AND CAPE TOWN VIA SINGAPORE.  
"HAWAII MARU" 25th May.  
BOMBAY & COLOMBO. Regular fortnightly service via S'PORE.  
"KASADO MARU" Tuesday, 6th May.  
SAIGON, BANGKOK & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly Service.  
"SHISEN MARU" Thursday, 9th May.  
SYDNEY, MELBOURNE—Monthly service calling at AUCLAND, N. Z. and ADELAIDE.  
"NANKIN MARU" 10th June.  
VICTORIA, VANCOUVER & TACOMA VIA MANILA, KEELUNG, SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.  
"AFRICA MARU" 22nd May.

HAIPHONG—Three times a month service.  
"DAITOKU MARU" Monday, 5th May.  
KEELUNG, TAKAO VIA SWATOW & AMOY—These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers and will arrive at and depart from the Soon Yip wharf, near the Harbour Office.

TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.  
"SOSHU MARU" Thursday, 8th May.  
KEELUNG VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.  
"KAJO MARU" Sunday, 4th May.  
JAPAN PORTS—MOJI, KOBE, YAKKAICHI & YOKOHAMA.  
"SOURABAYA MARU" Friday, 2nd May.  
"NANKIN MARU" Sunday, 4th May.

For sailing dates and further particulars please apply to—  
K. YAMASAKI, Manager.  
Tel. No. 744 and 745 No. 1, Queen's Building.

## Y. K. K.

## YAMASHITA KISEN KAISHA.

(THE YAMASHITA STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

NANYO MARU No. 1  
NANYO MARU No. 2  
NANYO MARU No. 3  
SODECAURA MARU.  
KYODO MARU No. 13  
TAMON MARU No. 1  
ASOSAN MARU.  
CHEIAN MARU.

REGULAR SERVICE FOR  
FREIGHT BETWEEN  
HONGKONG,  
BANGKOK  
and/or  
SINGAPORE.

For Particulars Please Apply to:—

M. KOBAYASHI, Agent.  
Tel. No. 140 & 155. Top Floor, King's Building.



## KUHARA SHOJI KAISHA, LTD.

KUHARA TRADING CO., LTD.

(Shipping Department).

HEAD OFFICE (KOBE).

Branches and Representatives:—

TOKIO, OSAKA, LONDON, NEW YORK, PARIS, ROME, BERLIN, PORT SAID, CALLED, HAVANA, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, TAIWAI, BANGKOK, SAIGON, VLADIVOSTOK, SHANGHAI and TAIPEI.

Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to Pacific Coast, Japan, China, India, Java, North and South America, also to Mediterranean.

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

For further particulars apply to—

CHU KYOKU TRADING CO.,

M. HASHIMOTO,

General Agents.

Telephone No. 2108.

## THE ADMIRAL LINE.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.

TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE.

REGULAR SAILINGS

BETWEEN

CHINA, MANILA, SINGAPORE, JAPAN and SEATTLE.

S.S. "WINDBER"

SAILS FOR  
SAN FRANCISCO—MAY 10th.

FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO

THE ADMIRAL LINE

JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT.

Telephones 2477 &amp; 2478. 5th Floor, Hotel Mansions.

## SHIPPING.

## THE DOLLAR S. S. LINE.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

## VANCOUVER

via MANILA &amp; SHANGHAI

STEAMERS SAILING DATE.  
"HAROLD DOLLAR" ... about May 7th.  
"BESSIE DOLLAR" ... about June 24th.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all parts of United States or Canada.

For particulars for freight apply to:—

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

GENERAL POST OFFICE BUILDING  
THIRD FLOORTEL. 795.  
792.

## VESSELS LOADING AND TO LOAD.

Destination.	Vessel's Name.	For Freight Apply To.	To be Dispatched.
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## JAPAN AND COAST PORTS.

Shanghai	Sunning	B. & S.	1, May
Manila	Loongang	J. M. Co.	2, May
Shanghai	Tunshing	J. M. Co.	2, May
Straits and Calcutta	Fooshing	J. M. Co.	3, May
Tientsin	Huichow	B. & S.	3, May
Japan Ports	Nanking M.	O. S. K.	4, May
Shanghai and Tsingtao	Yingchow	B. & S.	4, May
Shanghai	Hopsang	J. M. Co.	4, May
Keelung via Swatow and Amoy	Kaijo M.	O. S. K.	4, May
Swatow and Bangkok	Liangchow	B. & S.	5, May
Shanghai	Sinkiang	B. & S.	6, May
Shanghai	Loksang	J. M. Co.	6, May
Sandakan	Hinsang	J. M. Co.	7, May
Shanghai	Suiyang	B. & S.	8, May
Manila	Wosang	J. M. Co.	9, May
Tientsin	Chipsing	J. M. Co.	9, May
Shanghai	Diwara	P. & O.	11, May
Shanghai and Tsingtao	Kwangse	B. & S.	11, May
Swatow, Amoy and Foochow	Haitan	D. L. Co.	18, May

## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE Steamship

"MELVILLE DOLLAR"

having arrived from Vancouver B. C. via ports, on April 26th, 1919, consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd. and stored at consignee's risk.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the godowns, until Saturday May 3rd, when they will be examined by Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke at 10 a.m. Saturday May 3rd, 1919. Claims will not be admitted unless cargo is so examined by said Surveyors, on the above date.

All claims must be presented within a month of the steamer's arrival here after which they will not be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns.

All goods remaining after May 3rd, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their bills of lading for counter-signature.

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COY.

Agents.

Hongkong, 29th March, 1919.

## TIDE TABLE.

From 28th Apr. to 4th May.

Day	Month	High Water	Low Water	Day	Month	High Water	Low Water
Mon.	28	11.1	5.1	Mon.	3	11.1	5.1
Tues.	29	11.1	5.1	Tues.	4	11.1	5.1
Wed.	30	11.1	5.1	Wed.	5	11.1	5.1
Thurs.	1	11.1	5.1	Thurs.	6	11.1	5.1
Fri.	2	11.1	5.1	Fri.	7	11.1	5.1
Sat.	3	11.1	5.1	Sat.	8	11.1	5.1
Sun.	4	11.1	5.1	Sun.	9	11.1	5.1
Mon.	5	11.1	5.1	Mon.	10	11.1	5.1

m. morning. a. afternoon.

## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

AND  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

Consignees per Co.'s Steamer

"STENTOR"

are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 1st May.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and noon within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th May, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 21st May, or they will not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE,

Agents.

Hongkong, 30th April, 1919.

## MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

The American & Manchuria Line ss. "TUTAROM" left New York for Hongkong, Manila and Singapore on the 4th March, and may be expected to arrive at this port on the 30th May.

The R.M.S. "EMPEROR OF JAPAN" sailed from Vancouver, April 1st, and is due at Yokohama on 1st May.

The ss. "CELTIC PRINCE" is expected here from New York on the 1st May.

The T.K.K. is in receipt of telegraphic advice that the ss. "SHENYO MARU" arrived at Yokohama April 27th, and will leave that Port for Hongkong on May 1st, being due here May 14th.

## NOTICES.

## SHEWAN TOMES &amp; CO.

## MOTOR DEPARTMENT

CAR REPAIRS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS INCLUDING GENERAL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL REPAIRS UNDER EUROPEAN SUPERVISION.

Repainting a Specialty.

Enquiries and Inspection Invited.

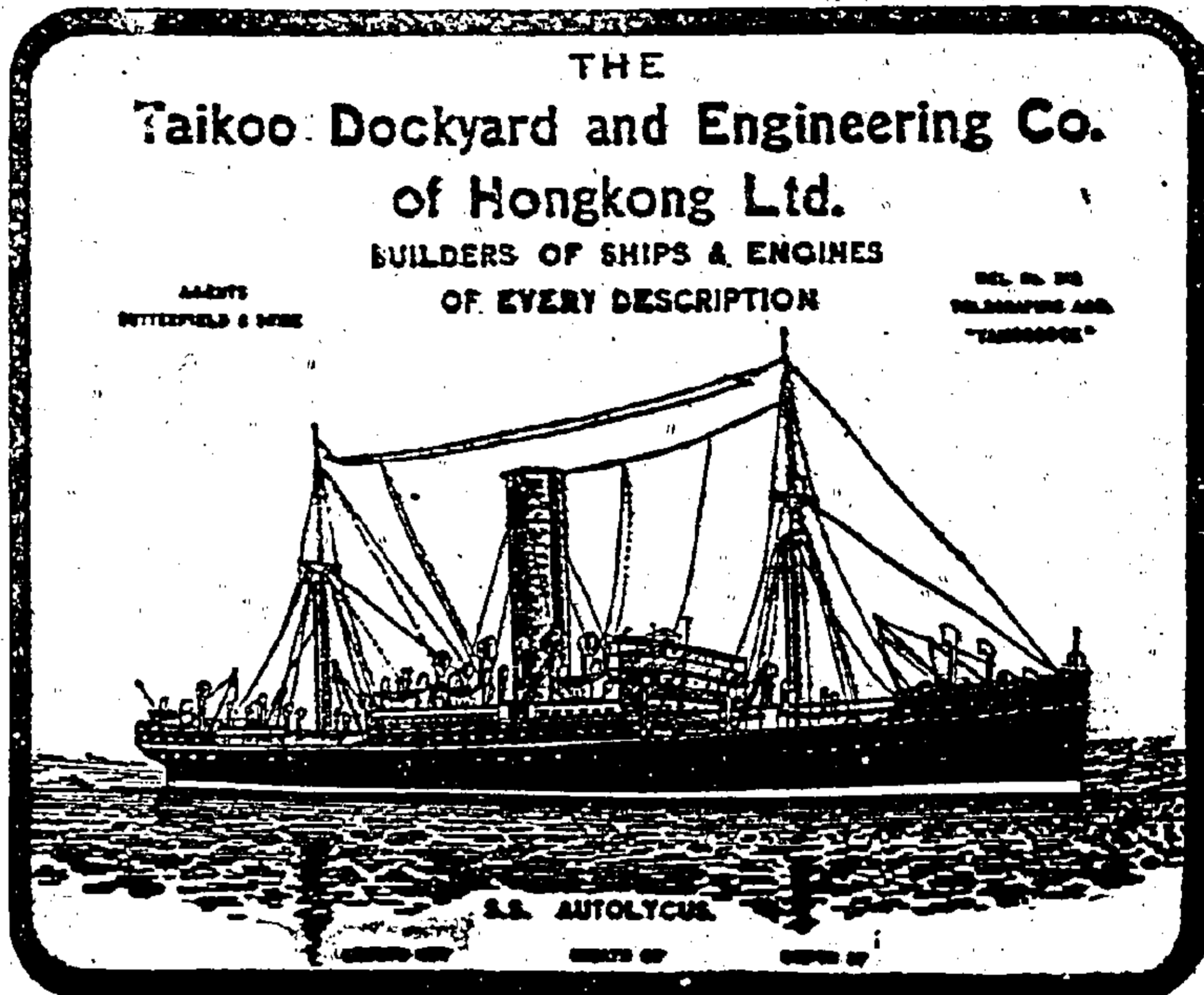
## MOTOR GARAGE

7 Russell St.

TEL. NO. 659 &amp; 781.

## THE Taikoo Dockyard and Engineering Co. of Hongkong Ltd.

BUILDERS OF SHIPS &amp; ENGINES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION



## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE ADMIRAL LINE.

THE Motor Ship

"W. F. BURROWS"

having arrived from Seattle, via ports, on April 26th, 1919, consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on May 1st, 1919 by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

All claims must be presented within thirty days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after May 2nd, 1919, will be subject to rent.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.,

5th Floor,

Hotel Mansions

Hongkong, April 26th, 1919.

## CONSIGNEES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA.

THE Steamship

"SEIYO MARU,"

Steamer arrived from JAPAN PORTS, Thursday April 24.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified to present their bills of lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery from alongside steamer or the Company's godown, where all cargo impeding immediate discharge will be landed at consignees' risk.

Storage charges will be assessed on cargo remaining undelivered on and after Thursday, May 1st.

All broken, chafed and damaged packages will be landed into the company's godown, where same will be examined on Monday, May 5th, at 10 A.M.

No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the steamer or godown, and none will be entertained if presented later than three weeks after arrival of steamer.

No fire insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

T. TAIGO,

Manager.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1919.

## CONSIGNEES.

## THE ADMIRAL LINE.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"WINDBER,"

having arrived from Seattle via Ports, on April 29, 1919 consignees are hereby notified that their cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra-hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of the Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where it will be examined at 10 a.m. on May 5, 1919 by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

All claims must be presented within 30 days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized.

No claims will be recognized after the goods have left the Godowns, and cargo undelivered on and after May 6, 1919, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature immediately.

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP

COMPANY,

Hotel Mansions,

Hongkong, 29th April, 1919.

## LAWN TENNIS.

## NG SZE KWONG RETAINS SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP.

Ng Sze Kwong and N.E. Kent faced each other at the net yesterday afternoon, in the presence of a large number of spectators, to decide who should hold the Hongkong Singles Championship for the ensuing year. The atmosphere was hot and oppressive and such as to make it impossible for any two players, of whatever calibre, to play consistently brilliant tennis, and at one time it looked as if the match would be decided by a pure question of stamina. With regard to Ng Sze Kwong, one of two things happened at the third set. Either he was absolutely "down and out" and afterwards recovered in some miraculous manner, or else he deliberately gave the set to Kent in order to save himself for the next two sets. If the latter was the case, Ng carried his tactics perilously near disaster, for in the next set Kent came as close to securing the honours as he will ever get without actually winning. The set went to fourteen games before the Chinese finally secured the win, thus levelling things up. It was in the final set that one was led to believe that Ng had not been so near utter collapse as might have been assumed from his previous play. Had that been so it would have been impossible for him to have come up in the way he did in the final set, in which he played his best games, giving Kent no chance. Kent was well aware of his superior staying powers and he played a fine game in so far as making his opponent expend as much energy as possible and some of his placing was beautifully judged. But he lost point after point by driving into the net and outside, as for instance, in the second game in the second set, when the scores showed double faulting. Kent into the net, Kent outside. All of these strokes were more or less simple and according to Kent's best form the ball should have found his opponent's court. Although the best tennis player won, superior staying power was a very prominent feature and should Kent be able to improve his game by next year so as to play more consistently near his top form, he will beat the Chinese without much trouble for the latter cannot stand anything like pace in a protracted match.

## THE GAME.

Ng served first and took things as easily as he could and Kent won the first game without much trouble. In the next game Ng put a little more energy into his play and won. In the third game Kent was placing well and doing all he could to keep his partner on the run, also securing this game. Ng took the next four, conceding the following three to Kent, making the game five all. The Chinese then secured the two winning points, Kent scoring only fifteen in the first and no point in the last, losing the set 5-7. In the second set Kent played all he knew and the Chinese had as much as he could do to keep his partner in hand. It was a long and trying set, going to sixteen games. It was here that Kent's fine staying powers heartened his supporters and he looked as if he had a very good chance of winning the match. Ng was rapidly tiring, at times playing wild and by the time the two winning games were completed he appeared as near collapse as it was possible to be without going out altogether. There were some fine rallies, and the games frequently went to deuce two or three times. The score got to seven all when Kent put in some fine play, placing well and making fine volleys returns and finally securing the requisite two games for the set at 9-7. In the third set, as stated, Ng either could not, or would not play and he lost it without taking a game. The fourth game was a hard fought one and Ng, although he improved, appeared still to be in great distress and the game stood at 4-2 in favour of Kent. In the fifth game deuce was twice scored and it was here that the

match appeared to be Kent's. He let this chance go by, however, by placing outside. Ng levelled up at the next game, making the score 4 all. Kent made another effort in the next game and won it and thus got his second chance but lost it by again driving outside. The Chinese took the next point after the scores had gone deuce twice. In the next game the hopes of Kent's supporters were again raised for he took a love game, the scores then being six all. The Chinese, however, appeared to recover and put in some fine tennis and won the two final games and the set 8-6. Ng continued to play well in the final set and appeared almost to have quite recovered, his lost energy. He only conceded one game to his opponent who was playing raggedly. The latter made a desperate effort at the third game which he won and still fought hard for the fourth, deuce being twice called, but Ng was playing some fine strokes and despite Kent's hard driving and at times really good play, he was unable to get the better of his opponent who won the set 6-1 and the Championship 7-5, 7-9, 6-6, 8-6, 6-1.

## PRESENTATION OF PRIZES.

At the conclusion of the match the trophies were handed to the winners of the various matches of the tournament, Miss Gurner handing the prizes to the recipients in graceful manner. Mr. F. Maitland, President of the Club, said they had come to the end of another successful tournament and a vote of thanks was due to Mr. Hodgson the Hon. Sec., who seemed to manage everything; everything was quite all right in his charge. He would also thank the members of the handicapping committee and the umpires, in particular Mr. Nisbet. It was rather strange to see him umpiring instead of playing. An old champion, he kept up interest in the game by umpiring. Mr. Thorne had also done a lot. One of the events was not quite finished owing to one of the players being rather knocked up after the game on Monday. The Mixed Doubles handicap would be played later on. He would especially congratulate the Chinese on the marvellous way they had come forward in tennis. Mr. Ng Sze Kwong and Mr. Wong Po Keung had won outright the cups presented by the Hon. Mr. Ho Peck. He mentioned the fact to that gentleman and the words were scarcely out of his mouth when he said he would give two more. (Applause). Then the Challenge Cup presented by Sir Paul Chater had to be won three times and they had to congratulate Mr. Ng Sze Kwong on winning it for two years. If he won it next time he would be able to take it home, but it would require a lot of filling. (Laughter). He would take the opportunity of wishing Mr. Ng Sze Kwong and Mr. Wong Po Keung every luck in their games in Manila, where they were going to meet the Manila men. He hoped they would one day see them at Wimbledon. He asked Miss Gurner to present the prizes. The prizes were as follows:

Singles Handicap A.—1, Mr. Forster; 2, Mr. Morse.  
Singles Handicap B.—1, Mr. Brown; 2, Mr. McDonald.  
Handicap Doubles.—1, Redmond and Morse; 2, Crisp and Murray.  
Open Doubles.—1, Kent and Redmond; 2, Murray and Jennings.  
Open Singles.—1, Kent; 2, Mashima.  
Championship Doubles. Ng Sze Kwong and Wong Po Keung.  
Championship Singles.—Ng Sze Kwong.  
Commodore Gurner replied on behalf of his daughter, who was handed a bouquet and heartily cheered.

## "SOME" COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER.

A telegram from Munich states that the Government has dismissed Lieutenant Hermann, in charge at Rosenheim, for letting King Ludwig pass the frontier into Austria as "Commercial traveller, Ludwig Wittels."

## HOME FOOTBALL.

Matches played on March 15th resulted as follows:—

SCOTTISH VICTORY CUP.		
Hibernians	1	Ayr United 2
Third Lanark	1	Heart of Mid. 2
Hamilton A.C.	1	Rangers 5
Celtic	3	Albion Rovers 1
Patrick Thos.	2	Falkirk 0
Queen's Park	0	Airdrieonians 4
Motherwell	1	Morton 2
St. Mirren	3	Clyde 2

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

Kilmarnock	2	Clydebank 3
LANCASHIRE LEAGUE.		
Blackburn R.	4	Rochdale 2
Bolton Wand.	2	Oldham Ath. 1
Liverpool	3	Blackpool 1
Manchester U.	3	Stoke 1
Port Vale	1	Manches. City 5
Preston N.E.	2	Everton 3
Southport V.	3	Bury 1
Stockport Co.	0	Burnley 3

MIDLAND LEAGUE.

Barnsley	0	Bradford City 1
Birmingham	3	Lincoln City 0
Bradford City	2	Rotherham C. 0
Coventry City	1	Leicester F. 0
Huddersfield	2	Sheff. Wednes. 1
Hull City	5	Notts Forest 0
Notts County	3	Grimsby Town 1
Sheffield Un.	1	Leeds City 0

LONDON COMBINATION.

Brentford	2	Arsenal 0
West Ham U.	3	Chelsea 3
Millwall Ath.	1	Q.P. Rangers 1
Clapton Or	1	Tottenham H. 2
Fulham	1	Crystal Pal. 1

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

P	W	L	D	Pts	Goals
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Rangers	30	23	3	43	15	50
Celtic	28	20	2	6	35	20
Morton	30	16	5	9	31	41
Ayr United	31	15	10	6	49	36
Partick						
Thistle	29	15	9	5	33	35
Kilmarnock	31	13	11	7	59	53
Motherwell	29	11	8	10	42	34
Heart of Mid.	29	12	10	7	48	43
Queen's Park	27	12	10	5	53	48
Third Lanark	30	11	9	5	51	48
Clydebank	29	9	12	8	44	59
Airdrieonians	29	7	12	10	38	45
St. Mirren	29	7	12	10	33	50
Hamilton						
Acad.	29	9	15	5	42	66
Clyde	29	7	16	6	43	60
Falkirk	30	6	17	7	42	60
Dumbarton	27	4	15	8	20	45
Hibernians	28	4	22	2	22	77

## PEACE CELEBRATIONS.

## SOME STRAITS PROPOSALS.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Straits Chinese Weekly Entertainment Club was held at the Club House recently. In the absence of the President, Mr. Lee Choon Guan, Mr. Tan Kheam Hock took the Chair. The minutes of the last general meeting were read and confirmed. The Hon. Secretary, Mr. Ong Pang Hock, explained to the members that the meeting was called with the special object of deciding what part the Club should take in the coming Peace Celebrations. The matter was then discussed, and it was unanimously decided that the Club should get up its own special procession which would form a part of the general procession which is being organised among the Asiatic Communities. After further discussion it was decided that the Club Procession should take the form of decorated Motor Cars and Lorries open to the public. The following prizes are offered:—

1st Prize \$1,000, in War Bonds or Cash and Cup of the Value of \$500.  
2nd Prize \$500, in War Bonds or Cash and a Cup of the value of \$250.  
3rd Prize \$200, in War Bonds or Cash and a Cup of the value of \$150.

Every decorated car and lorry taking part in the procession will be given a silver medal as a souvenir, except those winning prizes. The cost of the prizes and souvenirs are to be subscribed among the members of the Club. Advertisements announcing the competition will be inserted in the newspapers as soon as possible. Judges in the competition will be appointed later by the Sub-Committee comprising Messrs. Tan Chew Kim, Tan Kheam Hock, Koh Seck Tian, Khoo Siew Jin, Ong Peng Hock and Poh Cheong Tee.

## TO-DAY'S SHARE QUOTATIONS.

## OFFICIAL PRICES.

## Banks.

H.K. & S. Banks b. \$700

## Marine Insurances.

Cantons b. \$500 sa. 495/500  
North China b. \$215  
Unions sa. \$1100  
Yangtzes b. \$255  
Far Easterns n. t. 26

## Fire Insurances.

China Fire n. \$160  
H. K. Fire n. \$330

## Shipping.

Douglases b. \$ 88  
Steamboats b. 22 1/2  
Indos (Pref.) b. \$ 32  
Indos (Def.) n. 152  
Shells b. 170/-  
Ferries b. \$ 34

## Refineries.

Sugars sa. \$149  
Malabons b. \$ 35

## Mining.

Kailans n. 50/-  
Langkats b. 24  
Shanghai Loans b. 1. 20  
Shai Explorations b. 24  
Raubs b. 41/-  
Tronohs sa. 40/-  
Urals b. 40/-

## Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &amp;c.

H.K. Wharves b. ex. rights \$96  
K. Docks b. \$153  
Shai Docks sa. t. 126  
N. Engineerings b. t. 25

## Lands, Hotels &amp; Buildings.

Centrals b. \$107  
H.K. Hotels b. \$99  
Land Invest. b. \$106  
Hphreys Est. n. \$7.90  
K'loon Lands b. \$38  
L. Reclamations n. \$175  
West Points b. \$69

## Cotton Mills.

Ewos sa. t. 237 1/2  
Kung Yiks sa. t. 32  
Lau Kung Mows n. t. 170  
Orientals n. t. 91  
Shai Cottons n. t. 180  
Yangtzepeeps n. t. 12

## Miscellaneous.

Green Islands b. & sa. \$ 7.70  
China Borneos b. & sa. \$12 1/2  
C. L. Borneos sa. \$5 old 1 new  
China Providents b. \$ 7 1/2  
Dairy Farms sa. \$31  
H. K. Electric b. \$78  
Macao Electric n. \$33 1/2  
Ropes n. \$31 1/2

Trams, Low Level n. \$7.60  
Trams, Peak, old b. \$7.60  
Trams, Peak, new b. cts. 75  
Laundries b. \$ 34  
Steel Foundries n. \$12  
U. Waterboats n. \$13 1/2  
Watsons n. \$ 6 1/2  
Wm. Powells b. \$11 1/2  
Wiseman's b. \$27

Hongkong, May 1, 1919.

## JAPANESE PROFESSORS TO BE SENT ABROAD.

The Imperial University, Kyoto, has privately decided to despatch abroad seven Professors of various Colleges for the great changes that have come over the popular ideas in the warlike and political affairs brought about in Europe by the War. They will start next Autumn and will stay about a half year. The brother University at Tokyo will similarly despatch some of its Professors abroad, and the choices of the University will be decided in a few days.

## BOLSHEVIK BRUTALITY.

In Trans-Baikalia, at a village named Kurunzulay, at 70 versts from the Railway Station of Borzya in the night-time, a Cossack's patrol numbering 19 men was surrounded by a much superior number of Bolsheviki. Those captured by the Bolsheviki were tortured horribly and some of them put to death. When still alive, boiling water was poured over the bodies of the Cossack prisoners and then they were burned with red hot iron. In some cases the noses and ears were cut off. The faces were pierced with bayonets and the heads were struck with the butts of rifles. Finally the corpses were thrown promiscuously into a cavity outside the village where they were found later and were brought to the Railway Station of Borzya.

## TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENT.

## TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—(FURNISHED). Kowloon (Chatham Road). Five roomed House for 6 months from July. Apply JOHNSON STOKES & MASTER Prince's Building, Hongkong.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE.—Mr. George Blair has from this date severed his connection with Messrs. G. Martini Ltd., Hongkong, 1st May, 1919.

## THE HONGKONG &amp; WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

Mr. Edward Lumsden Hosie, C. A. has this day been appointed Acting Secretary of the Company. By order of the Board, R. M. DYER, Chief Manager, Hongkong, 1st May, 1919.

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

FRIDAY, the 2nd May, 1919.

commencing at 3 p.m. at his Sale Rooms, Duddell Street

(for account of the concerned)

2 Ford Motor Cars

1 Chalmers Motor Car

(The above stored in the Victoria Garage, Des Vaux Road, Central)

3 Ford Motor Cars

(stored in the Victoria Branch Garage, Keswick Street, Causeway Bay)

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

## TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—Furnished Bungalow to let in Cheung Chau. Apply Box 155 c/o "Hongkong Telegraph."

"Hongkong Telegraph."

HONGKONG'S DIRECTORY.

We wish to convey our regrets to those who have ordered copies of our Directory and have not yet received same. We have been occupied with the distributions ever since the publication (three days ago) and the figures which obtained at noon to-day were:—

No. of copies ordered 857

ordered copies already distributed 690

Additional copies sold to direct purchasers 237

We have set aside the full quota of copies ordered and will effect delivery with as little delay as possible.

Those who have not already booked copies are recommended to obtain same without delay as the supply is limited and there appears a probability of the present issue being completely sold out.

## TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—A 5 roomed house in Conduit Road from 1st May next. For particulars apply to

H. M. H. NEMAZEE, 1, Des Vaux Road.

## NOTICE.

NOTICE.—We have authorised Mr. John Johnstone Paterson to sign for the Company "per procurator" from this date.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1919.

## THEATRE ROYAL

## CHARLES HOWITT AND A. PHILLIPS CO.

TWO NIGHTS EXTENSION OF SEASON.

## TO-NIGHT

WALTER HOWARD'S ROMANTIC DRAMA

"The Story of the Rosary."

FRIDAY, 2nd May "A LITTLE BIT OF FLUFF."

SATURDAY, 3rd May "THE FAMOUS THREE-GENERATION PLAY 'MILESTONES.'"

MONDAY, 5th May "BRUCE'S GREAT WORK ON THE SOCIAL EVIL 'DAMAGED GOODS' (FOR ADULTS ONLY.)"

TUESDAY, 6th May "THE GREAT REPT PLAY 'SEVEN DAYS' LEAVE.' BY WALTER HOWARD."

WEDNESDAY, 7th May "THE BRILLIANT LONDON COMEDY 'A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS.'"

THURSDAY, 8th May, AND LAST PERFORMANCE "BY SPECIAL REQUEST, THE FAMOUS IRISH COMEDY 'PEG O' MY HEART.'"

CURTAIN 9.15 P.M. PRICES: \$3, \$2 & \$1. Booking at MOUTRIE'S

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SUMMER IS HERE

and you want the most modern cars procurable at a price that is reasonable.

CARS FOR HIRE.

Chandler, 7 Passenger: \$2.00 per hour

Hudson Super Six: 7.00 "

Oaklands: 6.00 "

WEEKLY & MONTHLY TRIPS CAN BE ARRANGED

TEL. 2499 A LARGE STOCK OF OVERHAUL & REPAIR TEL. 2499

TYPE & TUBES SIZES 24 x 4 & 32 x 4 HAVE ARRIVED

AMERICA'S BRILLIANT REVUE STAR.

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TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMER REQUISITES.

Improved Talcum Powder

Lavender, Violet, Lilac, Carnation. 1 lb tins \$1.00

Victoria Prickly Heat Lotion

The only Safe and Certain Cure. 50 cts and \$1.00 per bottle.

Victoria Prickly Heat Powder

Gives immediate relief. 50 cts and \$1.00 per tin.

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## TRY THE FOLLOWING—THEY ARE POPULAR:—

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Creme de Mocca

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Creme de Menthe

Creme de Vanille

Creme de Roses

Alfash Kummel

Curacao Rouge triple sec

Curacao Blanc sec

Cherry Brandy

Marasquin

Persicol

Orange curacao

## AS PURVEYED

TO ALL THE ROYAL HOUSEHOLD

IN THE WORLD

## TOO MANY CIVIL SERVANTS.

## OVERLAPPING AND WASTED LABOUR.

Excessive staffing in Government offices is reported by the Committee on Staffs, who give striking cases of wasted labour; for instance, 13 clerks at the Admiralty dealing with 40 communications a day.

In their final report issued recently they give the expansion of staffs in the civil offices (excluding the Army local establishments, the Ordnance Factories, the manipulative staffs of the Post Office, and the men of other Departments absent on military service) as follows:

Men. Women. Total  
Aug. 1, 1914 45,000 8,500 53,500  
April 1, 1917 54,000 51,000 105,000  
Feb. 1, 1918 62,000 86,000 148,000

Following are their main conclusions:

1. The expansion of staffs is mainly due to extension of the functions of Government during the war, but the actual numbers employed are in excess of the numbers which would have been required if the standard of organisation prevailing in the best managed permanent offices could have been adopted throughout the services.

2. This excess was partly due to the difficulty of securing trained staff and suitable accommodation; but a proportion, and in the case of some Departments a very substantial proportion, must be attributed to overlapping between Departments and defective organisation within each Department.

## TREASURY CONTROL.

To meet these avoidable defects the Committee make the following general recommendations:

1. Government should take steps to secure a more careful delimitation of the functions of Departments retained after the war and of any new Departments created in the future.

2. The organisation for dealing with staff matters, both at the Treasury and in the other Departments, should be strengthened by the creation of a Special Establishment Branch at the Treasury manned by a sufficient number of picked officers under an official of high rank, and acting as a clearing house for information on all staff questions. A Standing Committee consisting of the establishment officers in the principal Departments should be established for the purpose of advising the Treasury.

Full Treasury control over the staffing of the public service, it is recommended, should now be resumed. In view of the probable extension of the employment of women in Government Departments, the proposed Establishment Division of the Treasury should include one or more women officers.

**¥550,000 FOR CENSORSHIP.**  
It is mentioned in the report that the institution of the Postal Censorship entailed the employment of a staff of over 4,000, costing on Feb. 1, 1918, over ¥550,000 per annum. "Although some reduction has been effected since the armistice, a large staff must be retained so long as the Censorship is considered necessary."

A curious instance of the lack of co-ordination inside departments is given in a separate report in connection with the Admiralty, where some 40 different registries were discovered, apart from sub-registries, each adopting its own system. The worst example discovered was that of the registry under the Board of Invention and Research. Here "a staff of 13 clerks was engaged in dealing with about 40 communications per day. Each of these communications was docketed, numbered, and registered, and then entered in two or more separate card indexes, although only about 10 per cent. were found to be worthy of serious consideration, and the great majority were disposed of by the issue of one of a series of stock replies."

In another department of the Admiralty a sub-committee found a staff of 71 engaged on the audit of the National Health Insurance deduction made at the rate of 1½d. per week from the pay of Seamen, Marines, and Naval Reservists and on the preparation of classified statements thereof for the Admiralty ledgers. "The total cost of the branch was, therefore, over £8,000 per annum, which represented about 4 per cent. of the full value of the insurance contributions in question; yet at the time of our sub-committee's inspection the work was greatly in arrears."

## RUMANIA TO-DAY.

## LITTLE FOOD AND NO MEANS OF TRANSPORT.

Writing from Bucharest on February 25, the special correspondent of the Times said that, with the exception of Serbia, Rumania has certainly suffered more than any of the Allies. Only the incomparable natural resources of the country have made it possible to ward off famine, but the devastation and pillage were as complete as German unscrupulousness and scientific methods could make them.

Everything has been taken, even the essentials of life and of labour, and with even greater malice than in Belgium. For here Germans had the (to them) all-sufficient justification of punishing a country which had dared, although economically completely dependent on Germany, take up arms on the side of the Allies. They spent two years in systematically transporting to Germany everything which they fancied—furniture, silverware, clothing, machinery, food, and live stock.

**SYSTEMATIC GERMAN PILLAGE.**  
They sent 2,500,000 tons of cereals in railway trucks, but they must have sent another million tons in paper packages. Every soldier was allowed to send five kilos (11lb.) of cereals home every little while. Nineteen hundred and eighteen was a bad year in Wallachia, but the Germans were careful to export at once all the grain which was harvested.

But of all they took out of the country nothing so seriously crippled Rumania as the means of transport. There are in the whole of the Kingdom 84 engines in fit condition. All of the horses and most of the oxen were taken. The telegraph and telephone wires are mostly down, and there is no material available to repair them, which, together with the lack of a train service, makes it very difficult to obtain comprehensive information about the food situation.

There is considerable difference of opinion as to the quantity of foodstuffs now in the country. After consulting various people, including the representatives of the Allies who have had the matter under examination, I believe it is safe to say that there is sufficient food available if there were any means of transporting it from one point to another. The Government, however, is not of this opinion, and the Minister of Industry and Commerce, M. Constantinesco, says that the present supplies will only hold out until the end of April, and that unless the Allies manage to get food here during the next month there will be practically no harvest, as the German have carried off all of the seed grains.

**ARRIVAL OF ALLIED SHIPS.**  
Four Allied ships have so far arrived carrying 26,000 tons of flour which has already been distributed in spite of the overwhelming difficulties—broken bridges, lack of transport, etc. In the whole of Bessarabia, for instance, there are only five engines, and as the tracks there are considerably wider than those in Rumania, it is impossible to send engines from here.

Until the transport question is settled nothing can be done. Two hundred engines would bring greater relief to Rumania at the present moment than any amount of food, badly as this is wanted.

## ROOSEVELT'S GUILDHALL SPEECH.

## PREPARED FOUR WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

New light on Roosevelt's famous Guildhall speech is given by Mr Lawrence Abbott who, lecturing in New York on the ex-President, said—

"Mr Roosevelt had the reputation of being extremely impulsive. My friends, I tell you that the famous Guildhall speech, which everybody regarded as impromptu, was prepared four weeks in advance."

"Lord Cromer, Lord Kitchener, Lord Grey, and other British statesmen saw, read it, and approved it before it was spoken. Yet America's newspapers the next day said: 'Just like Roosevelt, going off half-cocked and butting in, telling Great Britain how to run her Government.'"

## A FISTIC GENIUS.

## JIMMY WILDE'S PROSPECTS.

Eugene Corri writes in the Edinburgh Evening Dispatch as follows—

Although most people are still talking of Wells, Beckett, Goddard, and of course Georges Carpentier, who extended his stay in London until last Wednesday—there is to me, in the forthcoming match between Jimmy Wilde and Joe Lynch, the American, all that matters at the moment.

These men, Wilde, teeny weeny; Lynch, for his weight, uncommonly tall, are to meet at the National Sporting Club, and, as befits these days of bulging purses, they are to fight for what I should say is the biggest sum ever put up in this country for a contest between little fellows.

Two thousand and four hundred pounds, I believe, will be the prize. Well, if ever two boxers were worth paying big money, these men are, and my old friend "Peggy" Bettinson, who has brought abundant property to the National Sporting Club, is to be congratulated in making the match. If Holland Park Skating Rink were now an annexe of Covent Garden, even such a commodious place as that could be filled. However, the National Sporting Club is good enough for me, though from the point of view of the general public it is unfortunate that Wilde and Lynch will box within the privacy of the club.

## WILDE VERY FIT.

There was some talk recently about Wilde not being very well, but when I saw the great little man the other day, he looked as fit as I have ever known him to be. The appearance of Wilde is such that he is a travesty upon himself. One almost laughs at the very idea that he is a pugilist. But he is something more than a fighter; he is fistic genius. I saw his bout with Lynch at the Inter-Services Tournament of the Albert Hall, and he piled up so many points in the three rounds that he had won anyhow at the finish.

Lynch is a very nice boy, fresh complexioned and dapper. I have not talked with him, but I should say that he has got ideas far beyond mere boxing. I do not think, however, that he is in any way comparable with Wilde. His stance I do not like, for he is given to leaving himself wide open. His defence, in fact, poor, and will be readily penetrated by such a master of the art as Wilde.

When he beat Tommy Noble at The Ring, which in other days was Rowland-Hill's chapel, he fought with more intelligence than he had previously shown. It may be that when he meets the Welshman he will do even better, for if any man ever stood to win a great deal—in the matter of prestige, I mean—it is Lynch. Eddie McGorry will be in his corner, and you may take it from me that this McGorry is about the shrewdest man in the business.

Wilde, in my judgment, will find it not very difficult to beat Lynch. Although, at different times we have all gone into ecstasies about his amazing skill and power, even now, I imagine, we do not know the full extent of his capabilities.

But whatever will be the result of the fight—for myself I feel sure that Wilde will win—there is not the least doubt that it will be one of intense interest. There is never any dullness about a contest in which Wilde is concerned.

## WILL WELLS COME BACK?

Someone wrote to me after the defeat of Wells declaring that the Bombardier was bound to come back; that in a week or two the non-boxing Press would be prattling about the chance that should be given to him to seek rehabilitation. Wells is certainly not out of the game. He holds the Lonsdale Belt, do not forget, and Mr Bettinson will say to all those who think they can defeat the Bombardier, "You must come to the National Sporting Club and prove it."

Should, as is most likely, Wells have a championship fight at headquarters, it is any odds that we shall once more fall to speculating on his chances.

I have known most of the fighters more years than I care to remember, but I do not believe that there has been one so puzzling as Wells. When Beckett knocked him out it was agreed, I think, that he was done for; some facetious writer suggested that he would find his fortune, if not in musical comedy, then in "the movies."

Cheap criticism this. I confess that Wells has not carried himself

like a champion, but if he were to re-enter the ring to-morrow there would be many people who would hesitate to declare that he was the impossible man his contest with Beckett made him out to be.

## JIM DRISCOLL AND PEDLAR PALMER.

In this boxing boom there can be no surprise that Jim Driscoll and Pedlar Palmer have committed themselves to come back. They have more about them, from a spectacular point of view than many of the men who insist that their price is something like a fortune a night. Palmer has not had the healthy life that Driscoll has enjoyed during the war. Driscoll has been in the Army. Palmer has been making munitions, and, if you were to ask me, I would say that over a strictly limited course, Driscoll could give many points away to the very best men in the profession.

He has not lost his cunning, his skill is little less than it was; only he is getting on in years. But if it were a matter of showing to the public what a wonderful science boxing or fighting is, no one could do it better than Driscoll or Palmer. But doesn't it rather suggest poverty of talent that those two veterans should have to come back again?

## BELGIUM TAKES TO BOXING.

A big tournament is to take place in Belgium, and it is of wide significance, for it means that the country is to fall into line with the rest of the world in encouraging boxing as a national sport. It has been proved that, had it not been for our love of sport, we should not have played such an heroic and glorious part in the war. If I were asked to tell the secret of the wonderful fighting spirit of our armies, I should unhesitatingly point to sport.

The British boy, without knowing it, has made the boy of other nations sit up, and take notice, and now Belgium, her imagination fired, is about to copy him. She has arranged what the showman would describe as a monster boxing carnival. It will be held at Brussels in the middle of the month, and to it will go the King and Queen of the Belgians, together with that heroic little man, the Burgomaster of Brussels.

Carpentier has been asked (and provided he can obtain the necessary permission, he will accept) to be present in the capacity of referee of the principal bouts. He will also give an exhibition of what the noble art is, as he understands and practises it.

I am told that there are any number of promising boxers in Belgium. That may be so but what appeals to me most is that the Belgians recognise that they must be able to toe the line in the playing of all games that have to do with the making of men. Belgium is intent upon winning recognition as a great sporting country.

And it will be through sport that she will be able to make herself better understood and appreciated. She is a little country, but she will become a big country if, in friendly combat, she will fit herself to challenge the world. Her true greatness is personified by her King—a big man in every way.

## THE "TELEGRAPH"

## IS THE FEATURE PAPER.

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**NOTICE**

THE CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LTD.

**NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.**

The thirty-eighth Ordinary Yearly Meeting of shareholders will be held at the Offices of the undersigned on Wednesday the 21st May 1919, at 11.30 a.m.

The Transfer Books and Register of Members of the Company will be closed from the 7th May to the 21st May, both days inclusive.

Immediately after the above mentioned Meeting the General Agents in pursuance of Article 17 of the Company's Articles propose to ask the Consulting Committee to sanction a call of \$50 per share in respect of the monies unpaid on the shares held by members of the Company.

At the same time the General Agents will also under Article 104 (p) ask for the sanction of the Consulting Committee to the payment of a special dividend of \$50 per share (payable immediately after the call) out of the Reserve Fund.

Should these sanctions be obtained the Transfer Books and Register of Members will be closed for an additional 14 days, i.e. until and including the 4th June 1919.

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(Continued from Page 2)

Article XVII.—In the event of a dispute between a member of the League and a State which is not a member of the League or between States not members of the League, they shall be invited to accept the obligations of membership in the League for the purpose of such dispute upon such conditions as the Council may deem just. If such invitation is accepted the provisions of Articles XII to XVI inclusive shall be applied with such modifications as may be deemed necessary by the Council. Upon such invitation being given the Council shall immediately institute an enquiry into the circumstances of the dispute and recommend such action as may seem best and most effectual in the circumstances. If a State so invited shall refuse to accept the obligations of membership in the League for the purpose of such dispute and shall resort to war against a member of the League, the provisions of Article XVI shall be applicable as against the State taking such action. If both parties to the dispute when so invited refuse to accept the obligation of membership in the League for the purpose of such dispute, the Council may take such measures and make such recommendations as will prevent hostilities and will result in the settlement of the dispute.

advice and assistance by a Mandatory until such time as they are able to stand alone, and the wishes of these communities must be a principal consideration in the selection of the Mandatory. Other peoples, especially those of Central Africa, are in such a stage that the Mandatory must be responsible for the administration of the territory under conditions which will guarantee freedom of conscience and religion, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, the prohibition of abuses such as the slave trade, the arms traffic and the liquor traffic, and the prevention of the establishment of fortifications or military and naval bases, and of military training of the natives for other than police purposes, and the defence of territory, and will also secure equal opportunities for the trade and commerce of other members of the League. There are territories such as South-West Africa and certain of the South Pacific Islands, which, owing to the sparseness of their population, or their small size, or their remoteness from the centres of civilization, or their geographical contiguity to the territory of the Mandatory and other circumstances, can be best administered under the laws of the Mandatory as integral portions of its territory, subject to the safeguards above-mentioned, in the interests of the indigenous popula-

L.—Original Members of the League of Nations, Signatories of the Treaty of Peace.—United States of America, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, British Empire, Canada, Australasia, South Africa, South Wales [?], India, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Ecuador, France, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Italy, Japan, Liberia, Nicaragua, Panama, Peru, Poland, Portugal, Roumania, Servia, Siam and Uruguay.

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II.—First Secretary-General of the League of Nations.

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